Out Sunday **INAUGURATION NUMBER OF THE BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN** Order It Now

THE WEATHER.

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HEARST'S

BOSTON AMERICAN

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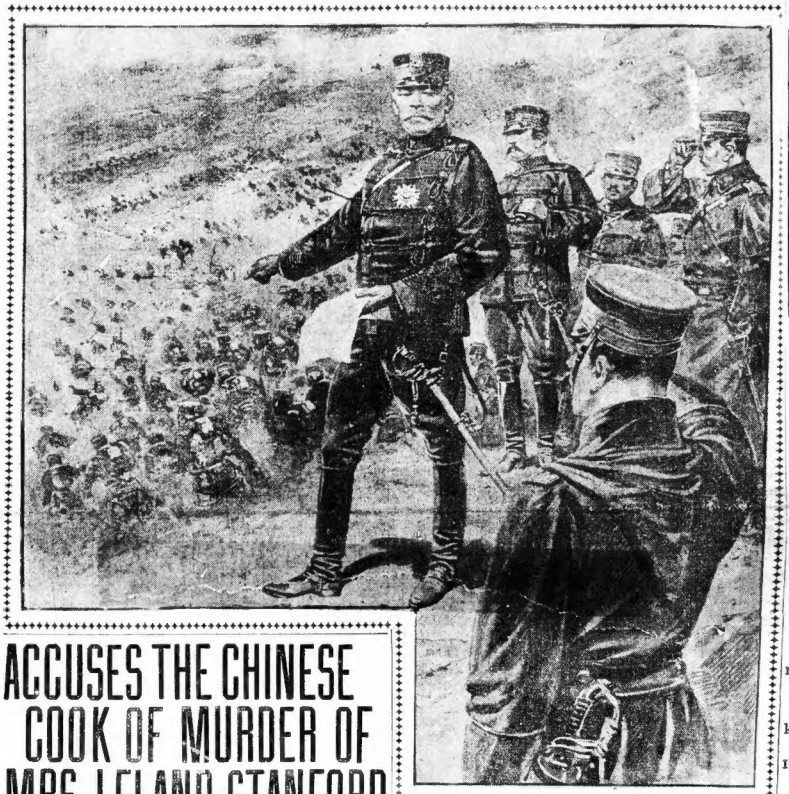
700,000 IN DEATH GRAPPLE: JAPS CLOSING VISE TO CRUSH RUSSIANS



Terrific Combat Raging in Great Storm Along 100-Mile Front With Desperate Fury—Russians Fighting to the Death to Withstand Jap Onslaughts.

Japanese troops have rolled back Kuropatkin's right and left wings, and are now within eleven miles of Mukden.

They have captured Kuropatkin's base of supplies, Sinmintin.

They have cut off his only feasible line of retreat, according to reports in Tokio, by blowing up the 1,200-yard bridge at Tieling.

Wings of the Mikado's troops are swinging around, right and left, to surround Kuropatkin.

In another two days it is believed his Mukden force will be bottled up.

General Kuroki has taken Opuves, Takasan and Witosan, all vital points in the advance.

Siege guns and veterans from Port Arthur are hammering at the Russian centre, Lone Tree and Novgorod Hills, the key to Mukden, and rapidly reducing the fortifications to heaps of ruins.

Guns Hammer Centre.

The battle line is 100 miles long, 700,000 men are engaged, and the loss has been terrific on each side.

Kuropatkin may attempt, within a few hours, to evacuate Mukden, only to find it impossible.

Tokio is aflame with enthusiasm at the victory of the Mikado's arms. This battle, the greatest and most sanguinary of the war, is believed to forecast the end of the struggle in Manchuria.

In St. Petersburg there is a sullen anger at Kuropatkin and the Russian generals in the field. There, too, it is felt that the end of the great fight is near. Fears are openly expressed that Kuropatkin is lost.

GENERAL KUROKI DIRECTING THE JAPANESE ADVANCE ON THE RUSSIAN LEFT WING.

The Mikado's fighting commander is to-day rapidly turning the left wing of Kuropatkin's army, and Tokio reports that he has destroyed a bridge north of Mukden, thus cutting off the Russian General's line of retreat.

ACCUSES THE CHINESE COOK OF MURDER OF MRS. LELAND STANFORD

DEAD WOMAN'S SECRETARY NAMES HIM AS MAN WHO PUT POISON IN MEDICINE.

Special to the Boston American.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—By order of the personal attorney of the late Mrs. Leland Stanford, whose death in Honolulu from strychnine poisoning is being rigidly investigated, private detectives have Ah Wing, the Chinese cook, who was employed for over twenty years by Mrs. Stanford, confined in the Stanford mansion on California street.

Dispatches from Honolulu say that Miss Bertha Berger, who was Mrs. Stanford's private secretary, named Ah Wing as the person she suspected of placing the fatal dose of strychnine in the bicarbonate of soda which was put up for Mrs. Stanford.

Mansion Closely Guarded.

The Stanford mansion is closely guarded, without and within. The servants are not allowed to leave the house. A watchman keeps the main gateway night and day. In addition to Ah Wing, there are two other Chinese servants and the housekeeper at present in the big establishment.

While no definite charge has been made yet against Ah Wing, and he is not formally under arrest, the detectives say that their investigations may result in an arrest to-day.

The bicarbonate of soda which was ordered for Mrs. Stanford was purchased at the Stanford Pharmacy, Palo Alto, Mrs. Stanford's home. After the bottle left the pharmacy 662 grains of strychnine were added by some one.

BOTTLE FILLED AT PALO ALTO.

The fact that murder was done is no longer questioned. Talk of possible suicide has received its coup de grace from President David Starr Jordan of the Leland Stanford University, founded by Mrs. Stanford. He declares positively that Mrs. Stanford was in perfect physical and mental condition when she sailed for Honolulu.

There was a fear that the strychnine which had killed Mrs. Stanford had been self administered while she was suffering mentally. Added to the testimony of President Jordan, however, is that of language-side relatives and intimate friends who stoutly deny any such condition.

Since Mrs. Stanford's death, hordes of detectives have scoured San Francisco and Palo Alto, where is situated the University to which Mrs. Stanford gave $30,000,000. Their search, prompted by cable dispatches from the High Sheriff of Honolulu, has resulted in the discovery that the bicarbonate of soda bottle was filled at Palo Alto, and from the druggist there they have a description of the person who bought it.

WHO BOUGHT THE POISON?

A further clue, however, they are seeking for the person who might have bought an ounce and a half of strychnine—perhaps more. Any person that an drug-gist would have sold this great quantity of such a deadly poison without making a record of it. To confirm them in this line, however, comes a statement from the Palo Alto estate to the effect that on Mrs. Stanford's order a great quantity of strychnine had been sent to her home at one time to poison squirrels and other rodents there.

This poison was known to have been placed in the hands of servants at the Palo Alto estate, among these servants being several Chinese, since changed. It is a known fact that Mrs. Stanford was in deadly fear of strychnine. She had refused at one time to take a needle-pre-

Continued on 3d Page, 1st Column.

Mrs. Stanford's Mind Clear, Says Dr. Jordan

BY DAVID STARR JORDAN, President of the Leland Stanford University, Founded by Murdered Woman.

Mrs. Stanford's mind was perfectly clear the last time I saw her, which was on the 15th of January, the day after the reported poisoning in San Francisco. Since that time I have had several letters from her in her own handwriting, and I defy any one to state they are not perfectly normal and clear. The cable that Mrs. Stanford mentioned the reported poisoning of January 17 was on January 15, as she came down on the train with me.

GAS TRUST'S PLOT IS DEFENDED BY SNOW

ATTORNEY FOR THE MONOPOLY ADDRESSES COMMITTEE OF THE LEGISLATURE.

With a general denial of all charges of corruption, legislative bribery and other trickery, Frederic E. Snow, counsel for the Gas Trust, attempted to-day before the Public Lighting Committee at the State House to justify the gas capitalization steal which is contemplated in the act authorizing the formation of the Boston Consolidated Gas Company.

"If anyone deceived this committee previous to the passage of the act, I am the one responsible, for I alone appeared before the committee and the gas committeemen on different features of this bill," declared Mr. Snow.

"I shall not discuss the insinuations and charges which have been made," he added. "If anyone has evidence of guilt, there is a proper place to present it."

Mr. Snow evaded the specific charges of Messrs. Lawson, Archbald, Babson, Moran, Coulthurst, Anderson and many others, by generalizing them as unfounded in order a few minutes out of the great number of grave accusations did he select one and attempt to refute it.

Big Crowd Present.

A good-sized crowd attended the hearing, but it was much smaller than the throngs which had stormed the State House on previous days of the hearing this week. Room No. 146, where the hearing was held, is less than one-half the size of Room No. 240, the largest hearing room in the State House, where the dramatic events of a few days ago and again of yesterday took place.

The citizens who attended realized it was the last day of argument in the great battle for 50-cent gas and against the octopus power of the Gas Trust. Attorneys who had been forced to make strenuous exceptions to prepare his defense against the attacks made upon his clients. He had labored for more than, and so stated in the conclusion of Thomas W. Lawson's speech yesterday. The Public Lighting Committee, however, announced that he would be given until to-day to prepare his argument.

It was against charges of corruption, bribery, inflated capitalization, intention to issue more watered stock and against charges of deliberate corporate oppression and unyielding gas monopoly that Mr. Snow was called upon to argue.

The fight of the BOSTON AMERICAN, indorsed by Mayor Collins for the city of Boston, by the Public Franchise League, the United Improvement Association of Boston and by hundreds of thousands of Massachusetts citizens, against all these existing conditions, had brought matters to a crisis which had forced the Gas Trust to strain every nerve for its defence against the rising public indignation.

Case May Go to Courts.

Mr. Snow argued for a capital of 120,000,000 for the Boston Consolidated Gas Company. Corporation Counsel Babson says he will take the case to the Supreme Court if the Gas Commissioners allow more than $12,000,000 capital. Thomas W. Lawson says he will forfeit a bond of half a million dollars, the money to be given to charity, if the officials of the Gas Trust

Continued on 2d Page, 1st Column.

JAPS ARE TURNING TWO RUSSIAN WINGS

TOKIO, March 3.—The Mikado's realm is ablaze with excitement and enthusiasm at reports from Manchuria. General Oku's columns are now within eleven miles of Mukden. This information, combined with the capture of Kuropatkin's base of supplies at Sinmintin, with the reported destruction of the bridge by which Kuropatkin might have retreated by way of Tieling, has brought the feeling that the end of the war is in sight.

The feeling compensates Japan for the terrific loss which has been inflicted on her armies. There is yet no estimate which can be made of the casualties. The Russian loss must be far greater, because in rolling back the right and left the Japanese guns battered columns and guns to pieces.

General Kuroki reports that a tremendous bombardment is being maintained on the Russian right, with sixty Russian guns opposing him. Despite this fact, however, the advance is a steady one. The scene of the principal fighting under his eye at the time of the report was at Wangmoosu Hill.

3 IMPORTANT POINTS TAKEN.

Within the last few hours Kuroki's men have occupied Opuves, Takasan and Witosan, all points of great importance in the advance. He makes no mention of losses beyond saying they are heavy on both sides.

General Oku, on the Japanese left, reports, in his dispatch, that the battle is now progressing in a heavy snowstorm, that his men are now turning the Russian flat at Sawinpu, fighting every inch of the way, and that he has taken a section of the first line of the Russian triple defence. This is beyond the Sahke River.

He also reports the capture of Kuropatkin's base of supplies, Sinmintin. His cavalry first appeared there. This means, with the report of General Kuroki that the Japanese have turned both wings of the Russian line, and are now converging on a central point behind Mukden. This will inevitably leave Kuropatkin absolutely helpless, and with the thousands of men who are being forced in on him from right and left will probably mean that the last stand of the great fight is to be made at Mukden.

With his base of supplies gone Kuropatkin must be captured the Japanese believe. He cannot support the men he has, and with the thousands pouring in on Mukden as a common center the visible supply of food will be quickly exhausted.

TERRIFIC FIGHTING AT CENTRE.

Meanwhile the fighting at the centre of the hundred-mile line is terrific. Here are brought to bear the heaviest of the Japanese siege guns, and many of the Port Arthur veterans. The attempt to break through here, if successful, would scatter Kuropatkin's troops like a cloud, say military men, and they would fall easy victims to the onrushing Japanese.

Here is General Oku's report made to Tokio:

"The battle is now progressing favorably despite a heavy snow storm. We have made great gains by night attacks on the extreme left, and occupy a part of the first line of the Russian triple defences in the hills beyond the Shahpe river.

"Yesterday we began to swing our main

Continued on 2d Page, 1st Column.

READY FOR DAZZLING PAGEANT

Special to the Boston American.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The advance guard of the vast attendance expected for the inauguration of President Theodore Roosevelt is now in the city. Arrivals are increasing rapidly. The housing accommodations are already overtaxed. By to-night there will not be spare sleeping room big enough for a mouse. By to-morrow Washington will be suffering its immemorial congestion, which is expected to exceed any previous crowding.

Boston is well represented by hundreds of private citizens. The provisional battalion of Massachusetts militia is here, attracting admiring attention. A second detachment, including the famous Naval Brigade, is expected hourly.

The Harvard University delegation, which will head the college division in the inaugural parade, will be here to-morrow morning early. The Harvard men are considered particularly interesting, as they come from the President's alma mater.

President Roosevelt will leave the White

Continued on 5th Page, 1st Column.

ATTORNEY SNOW ARGUES IN DEFENCE OF GAS TRUST'S BIG CAPITALIZATION PLAN

ADDRESSES LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE

Closing Arguments at Hearings in Which the People Have Demanded Justice.

DEFENDS PRESENT LAWS

Continued from First Page.

will not accept a figure of $8,500,000 and make large profits on that if the Legislature fixes it as the capital of the new company.

Mr. Snow arrived early with his green cloth bag filled with voluminous documents. Shortly afterward Junius T. Anerbach, who has been representing the gas consumers of Boston at the different gas hearings, entered the room. Other attorneys present were George W. Anderson, counsel for the Public Franchise League, and John B. Moran, who made the sensational charges on Thursday. John A. Coulthurst, president of the United Improvement Associations of Boston; Jean P. Nickerson, secretary of the same association; Edward H. Warren, president of the Public Franchise League, and Dr. Morton Prince, the secretary, were also present. Frederic Tudor, treasurer of the various gas companies, and James L. Richards, the president, attended as representing the gas interests.

Snow Begins Argument.

When Chairman Moseley called the hearing to order Mr. Snow rose immediately and began his argument. He spoke without notes, save for a few lines of suggestions on a slip of paper before him. At this time every seat was taken and a number of people were standing. Mr. Snow announced that he appeared for the Boston Consolidated Gas Company and would discuss the general features of all the bills calling for the repeal or amendment of chapter 417, acts of 1865.

"I shall not discuss the insinuations and charges made at this hearing," said Mr. Snow. "If there is any suggestion of guilt of my clients in relation to this legislation, anyone having evidence knows the proper place to present it.

"I shall not discuss the Massachusetts Gas Companies nor the stratagem that it will be legalized if this bill is allowed to stand. It is the holder of the Boston Gas Companies in trust. There are 3,956 holders of its preferred stock in Massachusetts, and 1,650 holders of common stock.

"This act has been assailed on two grounds: first, that it was the inadvertent legislation,' and not understood, and that different language from what was intended was inserted in the bill; second, that the bill is not worth considering.

"To this I will say that if anyone desires to file a petition for the repeal of the act he may do so. The petition will be referred to the committee on legislation, and the committee will report to the Legislature. The Legislature will then act upon the petition. If the petition is not filed, the committee will not report to the Legislature, and the Legislature will not act upon the matter.

"As for the wrongful change to the bill, the amendment making the new company subject to special law was voted on in the House and carried.

Mr. Snow referred to the charge that the committee on bills in third reading had clandestinely made the change. He added that no bill could have been more carefully considered, and it had been studied in detail by the public lighting committee and the Attorney-General.

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Sketched by Boston American Artist Thomas W. Lawson Addressing Legislative Committee and Other Figures in Gas Fight.

JAPS BEAT BACK RUSSIAN WINGS

Continued from First Page.

force northward. Our troops on the east bank of the Hun river have advanced on the village in the Sandepu district and within a hundred metres of the enemy's trenches.

KUROKI REPORTS SUCCESS.

General Kuroki reports:

"We are pushing forward, and have now gained Opovies and Takasanu, surprising the Russians.

"A tremendous bombardment is now proceeding. Our artillery are directed against Wanpuosan Hill. Sixty Russian guns are opposing us.

"We have just occupied Witosan."

Under cover of the artillery fire and a mist the Japanese opened an infantry attack on Lone Tree Hill at 7 o'clock this day, but were beaten off by the fire of the Russian guns.

A second attack at noon was similarly repulsed, after which the Japanese resumed the bombardment of the hill, Russian siege guns, preparatory to making a fresh assault.

As the Russians retreat under Kuroki's impetuous advance they are taking away large quantities of stored-up provisions.

Prisoners captured during the fighting at the centre of the line say that General Kuropatkin ordered a general attack on February 25, and the soldiers, receiving hundreds of ammunition, but the attack was abandoned, owing to the demoralization that prevailed in the Russian forces.

JAPS RAID SINMINTIN.

A Sinmintin, west of the Liao River, Japanese troops ransacked the railway buildings and Chinese inns. It is well known that Sinminglin has been for months the headquarters of persons supplying Outreland with coal by the Russians.

The Japanese found a train of laden carts in the town waiting for night to start on the journey to Mukden. One of three Cossacks who were in the town was killed. The others escaped. It is reported that the Japanese previously captured fifteen Russian scouts in the same place. The Japanese eventually withdrew to Pantalantsu, where an engagement is expected. It is known that rival forces are in that neighborhood.

The Japanese hold all the roads. It is believed that they intend to seize the railway from Sinminting to Mukden now being built for the convenience of Russian troops, and that, for this reason the line, which is in Chinese territory, cannot be regarded as neutral.

ARMED SUSPECT IS ARRESTED WITHIN PALACE OF CZAR

ST. PETERSBURG, March 3.—The police at Tsarskoe Selo, the Czar's palace in the suburbs, who since the assassination of Grand Duke Sergius have redoubled the ordinary precautions for the protection of the Imperial family, has arrested a sweeper who claimed that he is a nephew of General Ivanoff, whose papers are irregular, and who was found to be armed with a heavily loaded revolver. An investigation is on foot.

KUROKI HURLS LINIEVITCH BACK UPON KUROPATKIN

LONDON, March 3.—A dispatch from Paris says that the Petit Parisian has information to the effect that General Kuroki, in his dash around the left wing of the Russian army, has inflicted a tremendous defeat upon General Linievitch, forcing him to fall back upon the main Russian army.

This great turning movement of Kuroki started with the defeat of General Rennenkampf, the dashing Cossack leader, upon whom he fell with such fury that the retreat of the Czar's mounted forces was compelled to beat a precipitate retreat, in order to save themselves from being cut to pieces.

Important inferences can be drawn from General Kuropatkin's mention of fighting in the neighborhood of Tamagshan, which the maps show is fifteen or twenty miles north of the main pass in the Tailing Mountains and fifteen miles in a bee line from Fushun, the centre of the Russian right.

This confirms the Japanese reports of the progress of the turning movement east of Mukden and shows that the victory of Tetakhechen advanced many miles two days, leaving Tailing behind them. Further west, but still in the mountains, the Japanese are at scuttling, on another road leading to Fushun.

BLAST LEDGES; MAN IN HOSPITAL

By the premature explosion of a blast at a ledge on Bowdoin street, near Hampton street, Dorchester, just before noon to-day, James Sullivan had a narrow escape from death. He is at the City Hospital with his eyes blinded, his face lacerated and his arms and shoulders badly cut. Sullivan is fifty years old, and lives at No. 41 Girton Brook street, Dorchester. He is married and has a family.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening	1 p. m.
Allouez	2¾	2¾
Amalgamated	66¾	66¾
Am. Ag. Ch.	37	37
Am. Ag. Ch. pfd.	90	90
American Pneumatic	2¾	2¾
American Sugar	126	126
American Woolen	30¾	30¾
American Woolen pfd.	89¾	89¾
Anaconda	49¾	49¾
Bingham	31¾	31¾
Boston Elec.	8	8
Boston & Maine	172	172
Boston & Albany	255	255
Boston Elevated	142	142
Copper Range	71	71
Dell Water	12¾	12¾
Dominion Iron	29¾	29¾
Edison	44	44
Fitchburg	135	135
Gen. Electric	170	170
Gen. Electric preferred	95	95
Mass. Gas	85¾	85¾
Mass. Gas preferred	94¾	94¾
Mohawk	53	53
Montana Coal	3¾	3¾
National Lead	12¾	12¾
Osceola	94	94
Pullman	40	40
Quincy	240	240
Rhode Island	9	9
Shaw Machinery	10¾	10¾
Swift & Co.	108¾	108¾
Tamarack	127	127
Tecumseh	11	11
United States Steel	39¾	39¾
United States Steel preferred	100¾	100¾
U. S. Oil	11¾	11¾
U. S. Mining	12¾	12¾
U. S. Rubber	24¾	24¾
U. S. Rubber 1st preferred	95¾	95¾
Utah Con. Tel. preferred	102	102
Wolverine	117	117

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening	1 p. m.
Amal. Copper	78	78
Am. Car & Foundry	36¾	36¾
Amer. Loco	41¾	41¾
Amer. Smelting	97¾	97¾
American Sugar	148¾	147¾
Atchison	86¾	86¾
Atchison pfd.	96¾	96¾
Baltimore & Ohio	106¾	106¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67¾	67¾
Canadian Pacific	149¾	150¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	51¾	51¾
Chicago Great West.	22¾	22¾
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	169¾	169¾
Consol. Gas	212¾	213¾
Colorado Fuel	47¾	47¾
General Electric	169¾	169¾
Louisville & Nashville	143	143¾
Manhattan Elevated	137¾	137¾
Metropolitan	125¾	124¾
Mexican Central	19¾	19¾
Missouri Pacific	102¾	102¾
N. Y. Central	139¾	139¾
N. Y. & Texas preferred	95	95
New York Central	136½	136½
Norfolk & Western	59¾	59¾
Northwestern	240½	240½
Pennsylvania	136	136
People's Gas	110¾	109¾
Reading	85¾	85¾
Rock Island	29¾	29¾
Southern Pacific	69¾	69¾
Southern Railway	27¾	27¾
St. Paul	174¾	174¾
Texas Pacific	30¾	30¾
T. C. & Iron	83¾	84¾
Union Pacific	104¾	104¾
U. S. Leather	10¾	10¾
U. S. Leather preferred	102¾	102¾
United States Steel	39¾	39¾

TO PREVENT THE GRIP

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

LONGY CLUB GIVES LAST OF FIVE CONCERTS

Schuecker and Maguarre Give a Masterly Harp and Flute Duet.

By Kent Perkins.

The Longy Club of skilled wind instrumentalists, assisted by Heinrich Schuecker, harp; Emile Ferir, viola, and Arthur Brooks, flute, gave its third and last concert for the season last night in Potter Hall before an audience that warmly applauded the different selections.

A pastorale by Jean Hure, heard here for the first time, opened the concert. Hure is a disciple of the "advanced school" of music. His pastorale, beautifully played by the Longys, has many charms of melody, and is developed with a distinctly pastoral atmosphere. It lacks definiteness and coherent method, yet is not marred to the extent of most "advanced" music by aimless, bizarre striving after novelty for mere novelty's sake.

Schumann's "Fairy Tales," for clarinet, viola and piano, with quaint legendary suggestion, fitted well the Schumann persiveness, gave much pleasure.

Messrs. Schuecker and Maguarre roused the highest enthusiasm of the evening by their playing of Mozart's concerto in D major for harp and flute. The pieces was written for the court of Mozart and does not abound in emotional inspiration, yet it is continuously beautiful and brilliant. Mr. Schuecker's showers of glittering harp tones, which he poured out with masterly skill and exquisite tone shading, were thoroughly accompanied by the skilled and expressive flute melody of Mr. Maguarre.

An encore in E flat major by Gouy brought the program to a close.

KILLED BY A CAR AS SHE GREETS FRIEND

Mrs. Mary Mefaffigan, of No. 259 Cambridge street, was killed by an electric car a short distance from her home as she stepped on the tracks to nod to a friend. She was dragged quite a distance before the car could be stopped, and died on the way to the hospital. She was terribly mangled.

WELLS' SUIT IS DISMISSED

The petition for a writ of certiorari filed by the trustees of the Wells estate against the street commissioners of Boston was dismissed today by the full bench of the supreme Court. The petitioners sought to set aside the assessments made on the estate at the time of the South Terminal Station act, amounting to $20,808.

The questions coming before the Supreme Court were whether or not the expenditures made for public improvements at that time were made in violation of the statute under which the work should have been done, and whether or not the petition for the assessment was unconstitutional. The court sustained the street commissioners.

A. O. H. ANNUAL BALL.

Division No. 15, Ancient Order of Hibernians, East Cambridge, one of the oldest and strongest in Middlesex County, held its thirty-first annual ball in Institute Hall, with 600 couples present. County President John F. Donnelly was floor marshal.

S. S. KORANNA DISABLED ON MAIDEN TRIP

First Thought to be the New Cunard Liner Caronia, Because of Red Funnels.

Wireless dispatches received at the Newport, R. I., station from the Nantucket Shoals lightship state that the new British tramp steamship Koranna has just passed the Shoals at fair speed and with damaged machinery. This vessel is on her maiden voyage and left Shields, England, on Feb. 6, her first for New York, where she will call with a cargo for Australia. So far as known there are no passengers aboard. The mishap is not serious, and steamship men say that it could do no more than retard the first stage of the Koranna's maiden voyage.

The Koranna has a red funnel with a white band and a black top. Similarity in the fashion of her name and the prevailing color of her funnel at first gave rise to the fear that the vessel might be the new Cunarder Caronia, which sailed from Queenstown for New York on Sunday last. Later information identified the tramp.

The first message from the Nantucket Shoals lightship read: "British steamer Koranna passed Nantucket Shoals at 7 a. m. bound west. Low pressure piston driven."

From the Newport station the lightship operator was at once asked:

"Are you sure about it being Koranna? Is there any possibility of its being new Cunard steamer Caronia?"

The second wireless message from the lightship replied as follows:

"Not in Lloyd's register. In the supplement. Looks like a new steamer."

The Koranna is expected to reach New York by the morning, if she is proceeding at a fair rate of speed, as is stated.

SLAIN WOMAN'S GEMS FOUND IN PROVIDENCE

POLICE FIND CLUE TO MONTCLAIR MYSTERY IN SEARCH OF PAWNSHOPS.

Special to the Boston American.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 3.—Jewelry belonging to Mrs. Hannah Ross, murdered in Montclair, N. J., has been found in a pawnshop here.

The chase for Benjamin Potts, of North Attleboro, Mass., whom the police are trying to identify as "Robert Harris," the missing coachman of Mrs. Hannah Ross, of Montclair, N. J., is being carried on with renewed vigor because of the finding in the pawnshop of a gold watch and two diamond rings which have been identified as part of the jewelry missing after the fire in Mrs. Ross's home and the death of Mrs. Ross.

Potts was in north Attleboro February 24 and disappeared again the Sunday following.

The fire in Mrs. Ross's house, in which the aged woman was burned to death, was on February 23. Arson, with robbery as the motive, was instantly suspected. Afterward the word "Robert Harris," the coachman, was missing.

'CO-EDS' SMILE ON 'FRESHIES,' B. U. VICTORS

Triumph for Lower Classmen in Scrappy Rush With the Sophomores.

The "Freshies" of Boston University Liberal Arts Department are the heroes of the university, especially in the eyes of the fair "co-eds" to-day for their victory over the sophomores in the scrappiest class rush the university has ever known. The upper classmen have the bigger casualty list from the fray. And their efforts to steal the scenery and cast of the freshmen's annual play, scheduled to be presented this afternoon in Lesley Hall, resulted in the freshmen losing only a few unimportant bits of scenery and none of their cast whatever. So victory is considered to-day as resting on the freshmen brow and the smiles of the co-eds are all for the doughty first-year men.

The play is to be put on at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Just as though there had been no class rush, as though several students had not been used up and as though squads of police from the two nearest stations had not been called out to put down what was feared to be a riot.

Bruised and Lame in Bed.

The freshmen are chuckling over the fact that the two men most hurt are seniors who saw fit to try to help out the sophomores. Frank McRae is on crutches with a sprained ankle and James Briar, who was knocked out and trampled on, is in bed, bruised and lame.

The freshmen are also gaying the sophomores over the fact that the only freshman they could capture was Chester Taylor, the smallest man in the freshman class. A gang of husky "sophs" swooped down on Taylor and heroically overpowered him, and left him trussed with ropes in a cot bed. He was later released.

Dean William W. Warren says: "There will be an investigation, but I do not think any severe punishments will result."

After nightfall a body of sophomores and seniors gathered under the Stark Horse Arch and moved on Jacob Sleeper hall, where the freshmen have voted. The freshmen had scouts out and were on them before they could get away with any of the important pieces.

Then there was pandemonium. Frank McRae was either thrown or pushed down stairs, injuring his ankle. Frank Hodge fell into the hands of half a dozen excited freshmen, who executed a war dance on his prostrate body, putting him out of business for a time.

Hauled Up and Down.

Another squad of freshmen captured Joseph Briar, tied a rope around him, and tried to lower him through a window to the street. A party of his friends attempted a rescue, and Briar was hauled up and down till he finally landed in the study room of the Liberal Arts Building unconscious. During his injuries were serious, two students notified police headquarters, and Dr. Owen G. Tilley and Dr. H. E. Mace were dispatched to the scene. They found Briar badly frightened and suffering from shock.

Just here the police took a hand. The sophomores scattered and matters seemed to have quieted down. When the police left the building the sophomores returned in greater force to find that Briar had been removed to some place unknown.

Another lot of students met Chester Taylor on Somerset street. He wasn't in the cast of the play, but most any old freshman would do about this time, so they gave chase. Taylor sprinted down Allston street, where he was overtaken, bound, gagged and deposited in a cellar to wait till the sophomores see fit to release him.

The cast of the annual Freshman play is carefully guarded, but there is frequently a leak. A year ago two of those supposed to take the leading parts were captured and hidden for a couple of days, but it was learned that they had nothing to do with the play, which took place while they were in captivity.

It is said that this year there are a number of girls in the cast, but as yet no attempt has been made to capture them.

FOR WOMEN AND WOMEN ONLY

Much That Every Woman Desires to Know About Sanative, Antiseptic Cleansing and the Care of the Skin, Scalp, Hair, and Hands.

WHAT CUTICURA DOES FOR WOMEN

Too much stress cannot be placed on the great value of Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills in the antiseptic cleansing of the mucous surfaces, and of the blood and circulating fluids, thus affording pure, sweet, and economical local and constitutional treatment for weakening ulcerations, inflammations, itchings, irritations, relaxations, displacements, pains, and irregularities peculiar to females. Hence the Cuticura remedies have a wonderful influence in restoring health, strength, and beauty to weary women, who have been prematurely aged and invalided by these distressing ailments, as well as such sympathetic afflictions as anæmia, chlorosis, hysteria, and nervousness.

Women from the very first have fully experienced the purity and sweetness, the power to afford immediate relief, the certainty of speedy and permanent restoration to health, safety and great economy which have made Cuticura the standard humour remedy of the civilized world.

TORTURING HUMOR

Cured by Cuticura.

"I suffered five years with a terrible itching eczema, my body and face being covered with sores. Never in my life did I experience such awful suffering, and I longed for death, which I felt was near. I had tried doctors and medicines without success, but my mother insisted that I try Cuticura. I felt better after the first application of Cuticura Ointment, and was soon entirely well. Mrs. A. Etson, Bellevue, Mich.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Sole Props. "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials, free.

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BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN

BEST STORY AND PICTURES OF THE INAUGURATION.

The BOSTON AMERICAN'S army of correspondents will tell you everything about the great event. The best account and the best illustrations will be found in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is a sufficient remedy for coughs and colds. 25c.

POLICE DETAIN MRS. STANFORD'S COOK; SUSPECT HE IS POISONER

ACCUSED BY DEAD WOMAN'S SECRETARY

Army of Detectives at Work, With Possibility of Clearing Mystery.

CAN DISCOVER NO MOTIVE

Continued from First Page.

cribed for her which contained one-sixtieth of a grain of strychnine. But in the hands of a servant it would have been comparatively easy to poison the bi-carbonate.

HALF A GRAIN FATAL.

In the soda alone an analytical chemist found enough strychnine to kill nearly 1,400 persons. Half a grain is fatal. How much poison was placed in this little water at the time of the previous attempt on Mrs. Stanford's life is not known. It must have been a great quantity, however, for at that time it was stated by her physicians that only the fact that she had taken so great a quantity into her system prevented the poison from being instantly fatal.

From secret information received here from Honolulu by special cable, it is learned that the bottle of bicarbonate was packed in Mrs. Stanford's trunk by a maid. No one else was present when the trunk was packed.

Miss Bertha Berner's statements are considered of great importance in the case, she is a legatee under Mrs. Stanford's will for $20,000. She had been with her for a great many years. To her was practically entrusted the care of jewels worth $75,000 which Mrs. Stanford had with her at the time of her death. These will have been found by the high sheriff, and the list is complete.

CAN SEE NO MOTIVE.

Motive is the most puzzling point in this the most amazing murder mystery of many years. Burglaries some one assassinated Mrs. Stanford. Why? Was it revenge? If so it might have been a conspiracy of Chinese. Was it to secure property which it was feared, Mrs. Stanford would give away? This is eliminated by the detectives. Was it hatred? Mrs. Stanford was one of the most loved women in the United States. It was not robbery.

Thus while scores of detectives are working on the case here and in Honolulu they see no motive. Should the arrest come today, as now expected, this point may be cleared up.

MRS. STANFORD WEARING HER HUSBAND'S PORTRAIT.

REVENGE OR MONEY MOTIVE OF THE CRIME

HONOLULU, March 3.—Mrs. Leland Stanford was killed by strychnine, administered by some one for the purpose of murdering her. The police authorities here suspect that some member of her household gave her the deadly drug.

She was poisoned, either from motives of revenge or for the profit of some one who might suffer a loss in money if she remained alive.

The actions of the authorities indicate that an arrest is near. They undoubtedly have a well-defined theory, but they will disclose nothing. The proof that Mrs. Stanford's death was directly due to strychnine was furnished by both Dr. H. V. Murray, who performed the autopsy on the body, and the chemists who analyzed the remaining contents of the bottle from which the bi-carbonate of soda, taken by her as medicine shortly before her death, was given.

The poison traces have been clearly found, both in the bottle and in Mrs. Stanford's body. Nearly an ounce and a half of strychnine solid was found in the bottom of the bottle alone. This was enough to kill 1,324 people, as one-half a grain is deadly.

High Sheriff Henry has called to the authorities in California to trace the clue to the place it was filled, and to get a description of the person who bought it.

Druggists here and throughout the United States would hesitate about selling so much strychnine to anyone who was not well known, and the high sheriff believes that, with the co-operation of the San Francisco police, he will be able to learn within a very short time where the poison came from. Many retail druggists never buy more than a few ounces of strychnine at a time, and the hope of the officials is that unless it was purchased in various places in small quantities, the druggist who sold it will readily be found.

MOTIVE A MYSTERY.

The high sheriff, in addition to asking that a search for the seller of the drug be made, requested that he be notified of every circumstance attending the first effort to come to the university trustees, who also received a trusteeship over her jewelry.

Enough Strychnine Found in Bottle to Kill 1,324 Persons

HONOLULU, March 3.—Bottle of bi-carbonate of soda contained 43 drams of soda and 662 grains of strychnine. Full details by mail.

Signed WILLIAM HENRY, High Sheriff.

The above cable has been received by San Francisco Chief of Police Shillone. When it was shown to a member of the State Board of Pharmacy, he said:

Six hundred and sixty-two grains of strychnine would kill 1,324 persons.

Forty-three drams of bi-carbonate of soda is 264 teaspoonfuls.

A teaspoonful is the ordinary dose of bi-carbonate of soda.

A half-grain of strychnine is generally a fatal dose.

A teaspoonful of the soda would contain 2½ grains of strychnine.

A teaspoonful would be enough to kill five persons.

FOLLOWED TO HONOLULU.

Of course, there is still the possibility that her death may have resulted from a druggist's error, but the tone of the officials shows that they place little faith in anything except the belief that someone tried to kill Mrs. Stanford in January and that this poisoner followed her to Honolulu and accomplished the purpose.

Money or revenge might have been the motive. While Mrs. Stanford once had a great retinue of Chinese attendants, she has been dropping them from her service until at the time of her death Ah Sing was said to be the only one remaining.

The Chinamen of the Pacific Coast do not easily forget actual or fancied wrongs, and in some quarters there is the belief that one of these Chinamen who learned enough about poisons in California may have secretly substituted a bottle of strychnine for a bottle of bicarbonate.

As to Mrs. Stanford's property, that had constantly diminished from the many millions she once had, and only recently she decided her magnificent San Francisco home, which cost $2,000,000 to build, and which is still in fine condition, could be purchased for $1,000,000.

Facts in the Assassination by Poison of Mrs. Leland Stanford

Died February 28 in Honolulu.

Strychnine in her body, 2½ grains.

Fatal dose, half grain.

Left estate of several millions.

Gems worth $75,000 undisturbed.

Estate goes to friends and relatives.

Miss Berner, her companion, gets $20,000.

Soda containing strychnine bought in Palo Alta.

Former member of her household suspected.

Hints of arrest to-day are made.

Previous attempt on her life January 14.

WHAT WAS THE MOTIVE ?

of whom live in California and most of the others in New York State.

There is no doubt that within a few years more she might have given away practically everything she owned, and the only heirs are unalive to learn if anyone had any desire to stop her. This is the one hope of finding a motive, unless it should really develop that one of the Chinamen formerly in her employ followed her to Honolulu.

With the secretiveness of the Chinaman, there is little probability of establishing such a fact.

EMPLOYES QUESTIONED.

High Sheriff Henry questioned Miss Bertha Berner, Mrs. Stanford's secretary, and May Hunt, her maid. Miss Berner has already told how the usual dose of medicine, consisting of the supposed bicarbonate of soda and some Bartlett water, had been prepared and how she handed the glass to Mrs. Stanford. She told the Sheriff exactly what had been done for Mrs. Stanford, and repeated that before her death Mrs. Stanford had insisted that some one tried to poison her.

Sheriff Henry cross-questioned both of the women on every point of the case to develop something new. He learned that Mrs. Stanford, during the entire day that ended in her death, had been in very good health, and that she was in no way morbid or nervous.

WAS NOT SELF-SLAIN.

There has been for some time suspicion that the dead woman might have deliberately taken the strychnine, knowing what she was doing, but new developments preclude all possibility of this being so, the sheriff thinks.

Mrs. Stanford's body has been embalmed, and the present arrangement is to send it back to San Francisco on March 10, on the steamship China, of the Pacific Mail fleet, reaching San Francisco a week later.

The cable from San Francisco has been kept busy to-day, and H. P. Hackfeld has been appointed by the relatives to look after the family interests in Honolulu. Attorney Judge Stanley has been retained as counsel.

Mrs. Highton, wife of Henry E. Highton, well-known San Francisco lawyer, who is here, said that Mrs. Stanford cried when telling of the attempts which had been made to poison her in San Francisco, and that she could not conceive why anyone should try to do so.

On arriving here from San Francisco on the steamer Korea, Mrs. Stanford said that she had left San Francisco unexpectedly and in a great hurry.

JEWELRY FOUND INTACT.

Mrs. Stanford had in her possession when she arrived in Honolulu jewelry valued at about $75,000. This was found, apparently intact, and was taken charge of by Mr. Hackfeld. High Sheriff Henry denies a rumor in circulation that Miss Berner, Mrs. Stanford's secretary, and Miss Hunt, her maid, are under surveillance.

A meeting of native California residents in Honolulu has been called for next Monday evening to take measures to show respect for the memory of Mrs. Stanford. It is probable that special funeral services will be held, and that a procession of mourners will accompany the body to the steamer that will bear it to San Francisco.

SECRETARY TELLS OF MRS. STANFORD'S ILLNESS AND DEATH.

Here is the complete statement of Miss Berner, Mrs. Stanford's private secretary, made to High Sheriff Henry, of Honolulu, in his official capacity, and received by the BOSTON AMERICAN by special cable:

BY BERTHA BERNER,

Mrs. Stanford's Secretary.

It was Mrs. Stanford's belief that she had been poisoned. She was conscious until the last convulsion seized her, and it seemed positive in her mind that she had been poisoned and wanted the doctor to know this, for she told me to tell him what happened before, evidently meaning the attempt to poison her in San Francisco.

That day we went to a picnic at Palo, on the other side of the island. In the party were Mrs. Stanford, myself, Miss Hunt and a driver. Mrs. Stanford arranged about the trip and ordered the lunch.

The lunch consisted of three kinds of sandwiches made with graham bread—ham, cheese, tongue and lettuce; hard-boiled eggs, fresh loaf of gingerbread, oranges, cocoanuts, candy, cold coffee, pepper, salt and sugar.

ENJOYED THE TRIP.

Mrs. Stanford was in the very best spirits and seemed to enjoy the trip especially; in fact, it was, she said, one of the most enjoyable trips she had experienced in a long time. She seemed more free from care than at any time I can recall recently. She partook heartily of luncheon, saying she had come to eat and did not come if she did not have to take medicine at night. She ate everything but eggs.

We were absent on the trip from 9 o'clock in the morning until 4 in the afternoon. We had lunch in a grove down by the side of the road on the other side of Palo. When we reached the hotel, from the trip, Mrs. Stanford was in fine spirits. She went to her room to lie down for a short rest, and then began to dress for dinner. She took particular pains with her toilet. At 6:30 o'clock I went to the dining room. She remarked that we ate splendidly at dinner, considering that we had partaken so heartily at the picnic.

WENT TO BED EARLY.

No, there had been no canned goods at that luncheon. We each ate a plate of soup at dinner—a sort of beef broth with vegetables. Mrs. Stanford enjoyed it very much and commented on it. We then left the dining room and went to the porch, sat down and talked until about 8:30. She was still in fine spirits and seemed to be very happy. We were to go to Waialua place, down the railroad, so she said she would retire early and make a long night of it, so as to be ready for her trip on the morrow.

She and I went upstairs to our rooms on the second floor together. I parted with her at her door, saying "Good night." The maid went into the room with Mrs. Stanford to undress her for bed. I went over to Mrs. Stanford's room in a few minutes—just across the hall from mine—for she said she was going to take some bicarbonate of soda. She suggested that I take some soda, too, but I told her I would not, as I was going to take some other medicine. Mrs. Stanford had not been in the habit of taking bicarbonate of soda as a regular thing. She simply took it at times to ease her stomach, whenever it was not in good order.

PREPARED THE DOSE.

Mrs. Stanford never stooped over, so I got the medicine out of her steamer trunk for her. She was sitting in a chair, having her hair combed by the maid. I did not have a spoon when I got the medicine bottle. I spoke of it, and Miss Hunt got the spoon for me and handed it to me. I got about half a teaspoonful of the soda from the bottle for Mrs. Stanford, placed it on the table and also placed a tablet on the table for her to take. For some reason she did not take the medicine at first. She laughed and said she guessed she would drink a glass of mineral water. She always drank some sort of mineral water, and had been using Bartlett water since coming to Honolulu.

I poured out a glass of this water and she drank it. In a few minutes I bade her good night. The maid says she left the room about 9 o'clock.

AWAKENED BY CRIES.

We were asleep when aroused by hearing Mrs. Stanford crying out: "Oh, Bertha, I am suffering so terribly here! Send for a doctor, Bertha, I am so sick! Send for a doctor!"

Then she called: "May, May!" trying evidently to arouse the maid, Miss Hunt.

We were both awakened by her cries, and, running into the hall, we saw her in her night robe in the doorway of her room, leaning heavily against the casing, as if suffering greatly, and asking us to send for a doctor.

In an instant the thought that she had been poisoned flashed through my mind. Remembering the terrible experience she had had in San Francisco, I ran to the elevator and rang the bell.

At the same time we came out of the rooming gentleman who had a room near by came out. Mrs. Stanford also told him to go for a doctor. He hurried down and notify the clerk. I understood it was 9 o'clock when he got down stairs.

SUFFERING TERRIBLY.

Miss Hunt and I began to try to aid Mrs. Stanford by unsweating her. That was the way we did before, when she was ill. We gave her a number of glasses of hot water. Some mild put Mrs. Stanford's feet in hot water. She bathed her hands and feet while I was giving her hot water to swallow. She was suffering terrible agony, but her mind was perfectly clear. She seemed to realize that her life was in danger. She talked while she worked over her.

"Bertha," she exclaimed, "I fear I have been poisoned."

When the doctor arrived she said to him that she had been poisoned, and for him to send for a stomach pump. She repeated this when he reached her side. Then the doctor said she must be medicated, but she insisted that he must get a stomach pump. For some reason it did not work. He did what he could to get her to vomit. We told him that was what he would have to do. I asked Mrs. Stanford if I could rub her spine. She replied, "Oh, no; it is not there. The pain is here"—putting her hand on her stomach.

UNCONSCIOUS AT DEATH.

We could see she was suffering terribly and gradually getting worse. Her limbs began to get rigid, and the convulsions became more severe. She told me to tell the doctor what had happened to us before in San Francisco. She seemed to know that if she could not throw off the substance she would not get over the attack.

How long we worked with her I do not know. I know we gave her hot mustard to drink and did everything we could think of while the doctor was also working with her. She went into one convulsion, when the paroxysms succeeded and died. They said she died at 11:40 o'clock.

I am absolutely in the dark as to the motive anybody would have in trying to do her harm. I think she was poisoned, but by whom or why I cannot say.

In her room the doctor found the bottle of bicarbonate of soda and box of tablets. I am not clear as to that bottle with label "Bicarbonate of soda."

NEVER REFILLED BOTTLE.

The label says "Adelaide," but I do not recall her purchasing the bottle in that place. I did not purchase it, nor do I know anyone who did, nor when she came to buy it. In my event, she had had that bottle a long time, but I have no distinct recollection of the purchase.

The bottle was brought here from California, but how much medicine there was inside of it when we left San Francisco I cannot say. I supposed it contained bicarbonate of soda in a loose powder. I cannot recall ever having had the bottle refilled for her nor of getting any medicine for her. I presume, though, that she kept the bottle for such purposes and had it refilled, either sending it out or getting someone to buy soda for her. But I know nothing about that.

The cascara tablets were a prescription given me some years ago. Mrs. Stanford told me she wished to get her order in a double quantity, and she would draw on me for them. Mine had been ordered and prescription filled at Wakelee's just before we left San Francisco.

The packing of Mrs. Stanford's trunk was attended to by all of us—she, myself and Miss Hunt. We had gotten together a quantity of medicines, and Mrs. Stanford told us to leave some behind. She did not wish to be bothered taking so much medicine in her trunk.

SERVANT GIRLS FIGHT A FIRE

The prompt action and courage of Katherine Gannon and Annie Thompson, two servant girls employed by Henry D. Burnham, who, amid volumes of stifling smoke, fought a smoldering blaze with buckets of water until the fire department arrived, saved his beautiful home at No. 93 Beacon street from being destroyed.

By their quick work the fire was confined to the first floor. On the second floor thousands of dollars' worth of tapestry and costly bric-a-brac remained intact.

ROXBURY CHURCH HOLDS BIG REUNION

The annual reunion and coffee party of the St. Francis de Sales Catholic of Roxbury was attended by more than a thousand people, many visitors from out of town and other parts of the city attending. A committee of young women from the parish received the guests, and during the intermission an excellent concert was given under the direction of Thomas A. Watterson.

Rev. John H. Harrigan headed the committee of arrangements, and was assisted by Rev. James J. McCarthy. Michael P. Daly was toastmaster, assisted by Peter Thomas E. Raftery and William J. Mulready, with a large staff of aids.

The body of America's first naval hero lies in an almost forgotten Paris cemetery. A bill is before Congress to bring it home. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

He, Quier will change his name about being dead next week, if he will go to a Burlesque show and look about the front row at the "Old Boys."
—Vorenberg's Philosophy.

Five Dollar Trousers

$3.00

As snappy a pair of dress trousers as you'll see in a ten days' search. Real five dollar pants—heavy weight worsted—made by good tailors in the newest shapes.—Just six styles—hard to say which is the prettiest—they're all so swell—$3.

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The Big Store
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Washington, Hanover & Elm Sts.

EVERYBODY IS INTERESTED

in cheap and satisfactory transportation—railroads, steamships or trolley cars.

In good and cheap lighting—gas, electric or kerosene.

In good and cheap food—perishable articles, carried in refrigerator cars.

In equal taxation for public purposes according to one's means—the rich man with vast properties to pay more to support the government that protects him and his properties than the poor man with small or no properties.

THUS EVERYBODY IS INTERESTED

in what the Hon. THOS. E. WATSON, the distinguished disciple of Jefferson, thinks on these questions. He will tell what he believes from month to month in

TOM WATSON'S MAGAZINE

Don't miss the first (March) number. Price 10 cents at every Newsstand
Don't fail to subscribe for a year—$1.00—that you may not miss a number.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

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JEERS GREET NEEDHAM'S NEW FIRE FIGHTERS

First Little Blaze After Old Force Quit Furnishes Fun for a Big Crowd.

THE SITUATION IS SERIOUS

Jeers, hoots, blases and cat-calls greeted Needham's newly organized fire department, when they responded to their first alarm. The fire, which started in the Pope block, in the tailor shop of David A. Hearn, was the first which has visited the town since the members of Hose 1 and Ladder 1 quit the department Tuesday evening. It was caused by the overturning of a lamp, and it spread to the laundry of Won Lung, causing damage of about $500.

Fortunately, when the alarm sounded, the fire engineers were in session at the fire headquarters, drilling the recruits who had been mustered into service. Owing to this fact the apparatus was not long in reaching the fire.

More than a thousand people blockened Needham square during the progress of the blaze, all anxious to see what kind of a department had been organized to replace the veterans who quit because of the suspension of Foreman Fred N. Mills.

Truth Was Soon Known.

Any delusions entertained by the citizens that a hose and a ladder company had been formed were dispelled when the big hook and ladder truck clattered up with no one but the driver on it. The hose wagon was manned by Chief H. A. Kingsley, Assistant Chief H. P. Chapman and J. T. Sisney, District Chief P. F. Sullivan and four firemen.

The engineers, none of whom has done any actual work at a fire for years, were reasonably useless, and the new men little better. Several citizens, hoping to see the former Tax Collector Howard A. Crosman, Alsten H. Bowers, son of Chairman Edgar H. Bowers of the Board of Selectmen, and Charles W. Richards, son of Selectman Daniel W. Richards, volunteered, and these, with the aid of Hosemen, which arrived from Highlandville about half an hour later, succeeded in extinguishing the blaze.

Considerable amusement was furnished in the crowd during the fire by the efforts of the engineers' firemen to reach the roof of the building, seventy feet from the ground, by means of a ten-foot ladder. Women and girls joined in the demonstration against the new firemen, and yells of "scab" and various other epithets were hurled at them.

Strikers Try to Keep Order.

The striking firemen were out in force, but took no part in the demonstration. On the contrary, they did their utmost to quiet the crowd. Their efforts were unavailed little, and the din was kept up until the fire was out.

The present condition of affairs is regarded very seriously by business men of the town, as the department, as at present constituted, would be helpless against any good-sized fire, and the town will probably be called next week to demand that the Selectmen reinstate the old board of engineers and restore harmony.

FOR SYMPHONY PENSION FUND

The concert on Sunday evening in Symphony Hall for the benefit of the Symphony Orchestra's pension fund will serve as an extremely interesting musical memorial meeting of open week in Boston, as the music will consist of selections from the music dramas of Wagner, the vocal parts being interpreted by Mme. Gadski, the famous dramatic prima donna; Theodore Van Yorx, the noted tenor, and a small chorus of mixed voices.

The Symphony Orchestra, under Mr. Gericke, can be relied upon for a magnificent performance. The music chosen will include striking and characteristic portions of "Lohengrin," "Die Meistersinger" and "Die Walkure."

"Down in the Subway," as sung by Mary Vone, is the title of the fifty-cent piece of sheet music given away free with every copy of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

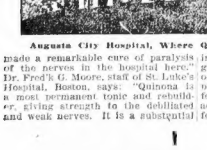
INCREASE OF COST OF COURSE AT VASSAR

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., March 2.—Because of the increased cost of education and living, the trustees of Vassar College have announced that hereafter the cost of the four years' course will be advanced to $2,000, an increase of $400. The cost of board is advanced $50 a year, and the board the same. The tuition fees do not apply to students now in the college.

HOSPITALS PRAISE QUINONA

This Purely Medicinal Formula Makes Best Spring Tonic

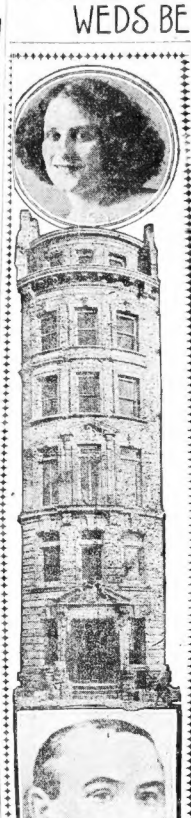
President Augusta City Hospital, Augusta, Maine, says: "We are using very large quantities of Quinona at our hospital as a strengthening tonic, with wonderful results. Miss Helen Kinley, former matron Hale Hospital, Haverhill, Mass., says: 'Quinona is made a remarkable cure of paralysis of the nerves in the hospital here.' Dr. Fred'k G. Moore, staff of St. Luke's Hospital, Boston, says: "Quinona is a most permanent tonic and rebuilder, giving strength to the debilitated and weak nerves. It is a substantial



Augusta City Hospital, Where Quinona Is Constantly Used.

food and a powerful tonic." Dr. Sherman, of Boston, says: "Quinona is a most permanent tonic and rebuilder, giving strength to the debilitated and weak nerves. It is a substantial food at Boston.

N-PLATE MILLIONAIRE WEDS BEAUTIFUL WOMAN



Mr. and Mrs. Reid and Their Fifth Avenue Home in New York.

Daniel G. Reid Now Husband of Marion Winchester, Whom He Met in Paris.

Marion Winchester, well known to Boston theatre goers, a dancer, who has appeared here on many occasions, has become Mrs. Daniel G. Reid, the ceremony recently being performed in Paris, say dispatches to the BOSTON AMERICAN.

Daniel G. Reid is worth twenty millions or more. He was the organizer of the tin plate trust and is director of some of the largest corporations in the country.

Reid's first wife was Clarissa Agnew, an actress who was mentioned by Mrs. Mary Well, wife of a prominent New York broker in her suit for divorce. Despite the facts brought out during the trial Mr. Reid married Miss Agnew, and lived with her very happily until her death, some years ago. Then he went to Paris and has been living in retirement.

Another Love in London.

Marion Winchester has not been long abroad. In Paris she met with quite success. Millionaire Reid met her and at once fell in love. It was recently that the announcement of the wedding came in a brief dispatch to Mr. Reid's associates in New York from London where Mr. and Mrs. Reid are spending some weeks of their honeymoon.

This is Mr. Reid's third marriage. He was a widower when he met and married Clarissa Agnew. He lavished most costly presents on her and they entertained in a style that astonished even New York.

Daniel G. Reid is known to the world of finance as a shrewd operator and a successful manipulator of millions. He is about forty-six years of age and a native of Indiana. He started out in life as a clerk in a bank in Richmond, Ind. He became interested in the tinplate industry and organized the trust of which he was elected president. He was also one of the organizers of United States Steel.

Estate Cost $100,000.

His Summer home on the Hudson was leased from Dr. Lucien C. Warner for $10,000 a season. He built a stable on Riet Seventeenth street, New York, which cost over $100,000. One of his homes, at No. 873 Fifth avenue, New York, cost a quarter of a million.

It is not known whether or not Mr. Reid will return to this country after his wedding tour.

500 ENGAGE IN NEW YORK RIOT

NEW YORK, March 3.—A riot, in which about 500 Italians participated, occurred in the vicinity of First street and Second avenue shortly after 2 o'clock today. The rioters were finally dispersed by the police. Several of the Italians received cuts and bruises in the mix up and in the charge of the police reserves. Eight arrests were made.

The Italians were waiting for William H. Bradley, who has the contract for removing the snow from the streets, to give them employment when the trouble arose.

A rich New York society woman is founding a hospital for homeless cats and dogs. Her institution is the subject of an illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

The Strength of the Japanese.

JAPS VS. RUSSIANS.

FOR centuries the Japanese have practiced athletics. They have hereditary wrestlers under government protection, by which the male members of each succeeding family are trained to wrestling. Although the Japs are small in stature, yet they are alert, quick and possess so much science in wrestling that they can throw the best wrestlers of any other country, though twice their weight. Some years ago a little Japanese wrestler threw the terrible York, Yonsoul, who was twice his size and weight. The Japanese quickness of mind and alertness may yet cause the Russian gods to sue for peace.

It is a proverb of Japan that a healthy stomach is the basis of all strength. The Japanese people are remarkable for their health, endurance, patience and skill. They have a system of physical training which is universally used. It is called the Jiu Jitsu, by which they regulate diet, bathing, clothing, breathing, muscular development and fasting.

No man is stronger than his stomach. Let the greatest athlete have dyspepsia an his muscles soon fail. Physical strength is derived from food. If a man has insufficient food he loses strength. If he has no food he dies. Food is converted into nutrition in the stomach. It depends on the strength of the stomach to what extent food eaten is digested and assimilated. People can die of starvation who have abundant food to eat, when the stomach and its associate organs of digestion and nutrition do not perform their duty. Thus the stomach is really the vital spark of the body. If the stomach is weak" the body will be weak also, because it is upon the stomach the body relies for its strength. And as the body is considered as a whole is made up of its several members and organs, so the weakness of the body as a consequence of "weak" stomach will be distributed among the organs which compose the body. If the body is weak because it is ill-nourished that physical weakness will be found in back and knees, in hands and feet equally. So also will the weakness be equally distributed among the organs, heart, liver, kidneys, etc., being proportionately weak according to the amount of the reduction of their daily ration of nutrition.

If then no man is stronger than his stomach and physical strength is created in the stomach and distributed from it, the very first question that a weak man should ask is, "What is wrong with my stomach?" If there are weak lungs, the condition also points to "weak" stomach. All physicians know that the cure of consumption is but a question of nutrition. If you can put flesh and fat on the body the lungs will take care of themselves. The one thing which baffles the physician in the cure of lung and other diseases is "weak" stomach. If the stomach was strong he'd feel sure of a cure. " In fact, then, any condition of physical weakness at once suggests weak stomach. When the stomach is made strong, the whole body regains strength and every organ of the body, heart, liver, lungs, kidneys, etc., shares in this newly gained strength.

It is because Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures disorders of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition that it gives strength to the whole body. When the weak stomach is made strong by "Golden Medical Discovery" then food is perfectly digested and assimilated, and the nutrition derived from food is distributed to the several organs of the body, and the body's "weak" heart which was weak because it was not well fed becomes strong again. So with the weakness of the other organs of the body, it is cured when the stomach is cur'd.

"I am pleased to tell you that three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has cured my husband of liver complaint and indigestion," writes Mrs. G. Hall, of Novar, Ontario. "He suffered for a long time with pain in his right side and had to leave off work several times. Tried three doctors here and got no help, but after using the first bottle of Discovery' until he had taken three bottles and is now feeling better than for years. We both thank you, and, if you think by publishing this it will benefit other sufferers, you are at liberty to do so. We have got several friends to try your 'Golden Medical Discovery' for different complaints and I am pleased to say that it has never failed. We wish you every success."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, the best laxative for feeble people. They cure constipation and biliousness.

LIMIT FEES OF U. S. ATTORNEYS

United States District Attorney Melvin O. Adams to-day received a letter from the Department of Justice in Washington directing him and his assistants to abide by the law of any State legislative body in behalf of private corporations or individuals.

The letter to-day was the result of a recent order promulgated by the present General Moody. It is not intended to apply exclusively to any particular district, being universal in its scope. The purpose of the order is to prevent a possible conflict of the State and Federal laws, and to limit the private practice of government officers.

WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH

NEWPORT, R. I., March 3.—Mrs. Albert Sherman, 70 years old, was burned to death to-day in the small tenement in which has lived with her husband.

Fire minutes after her skirt caught fire from a small kitchen stove she was dead.

What To Do For Heart Trouble

I back up my advice with this Remarkable Offer—A Full Dollar's Worth of my Remedy Free to Prove that I am Right.

I ask no referees, no deposit, no security. There is nothing to promise, nothing to pay either now or later. To any heart sufferer who has not tried my remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—I will gladly send, free, one test bottle but a full dollar bottle.

I am earnest in making this unusual offer because mine is no ordinary remedy. It does not simply try to stimulate the heart. Such remedies are worse than useless. It goes straight to the nerves of the trouble and weaken heart nerves —and strengthens them and vitalizes heart nerves to restore them. Then that is the end of heart disease.

For the heart itself has no more self-control than a common muscle of hand, fruit and tender nerve so that that it is scarcely visible to the naked eye. Yet when any of these parts of this delicate nerve must causes the heart to expand and contract.

The heart is about the size of your clenched fist, often and more than that. Its nerve system, and you will see the monstrous labor this little nerve must do.

The Heart nerve is only one of the branches of the great sympathetic nerve system. Each branch of this system is so closely allied with the other that weakness or irregularity at any point is apt to spread. Heart trouble frequently arises from Stomach trouble through sympathetic and Kidney trouble may also follow. For each of these organs is governed by a branch of the same sympathetic nerves—the inside nerves.

The bond of sympathy between the nerves that operate the vital organs is a power more—powerful than will. For what will cure weakness in one branch will surely cure weakness in new York—and what will release one centre will surely restore them all.

There is nothing new about this—nothing any druggist would disagree with. But in my remedy, Dr. Shoop to apply this knowledge—to put it to practical use. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is not the result of a quarter century of endeavor along this very line. It does not make you feel well for the pain—but it does go at once to the nerve, the basic nerve—the power nerve—and gives it tone, and strengthens it and makes it well.

If you have heart trouble and have never tried my remedy, merely write and ask. I will send you an order on your druggist which he will accept as gladly as he would accept a dollar. He will hand you from my laboratory a regular bottle of my prescription, and he will send the bill to me. This offer is made only to strangers to my remedy. Those who have once used the Restorative do not need this evidence. There are no conditions—no requirements. Just write and ask for it. It is the supreme test of my limitless belief. All that I ask you to do is to write—write to-day.

For a free order for Book I on Dyspepsia, a full dollar bottle you Book 2 on the Heart, must address Dr. Shoop, Book 3 on Kidneys, Box E. 886, Racine, Book 4 for Women, Wis. State which book Book 5 for Rheumatism, you want.

Mild cases are often cured by a single bottle. For sale at forty thousand drug stores.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

REAL ESTATE.

TO CLOSE AN ESTATE

THOMAS E. SOX.—House of 10 rooms, 11,573 sq. ft. land; taxed $5,000, price $3,200. 25 State st., Room 21.

$5 MONTH buys good farm; good buildings; handy car. Allen 10 Tremont St.

$1,500—ON EASY TERMS, 6-room house in Dorchester; 5,000 feet of land; fruit and shade trees. W. A. DUNHAM, 7 Water st., room 411.

TAKES IT HOME—$1 down, 10 acres $100; good soil; plenty of wood. HARTLEY, 89 Court st., room 314.

TAKES IT HOME—$250 cash buys home, $267. LEAVE COLLECTING AGENCY, 28 School st.; established 1867.

YACHTS AND BOATS.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A 21-foot yacht, sloop rig, new last season; large cabin and cockpit; drinking tanks; will sell cheap; or exchange for small power boat. Apply to BROOKS, 307 Western av., Cambridge, Mass.

INFORMATION WANTED.

REWARD offered for information concerning the whereabouts of Benjamin Leckie, last seen on deck board on Baltimore & Boston line; formerly in the New York City, 1858. Address F. T., Boston American.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ACTINA CURES DEAFNESS, throat and eye troubles. Call at office, 100 Boylston st., Boston.

OXYDON cures rheumatism, nervous prostration, etc. Call at office, 100 Boylston, room 718.

TALKING MACHINES.

TALKING MACHINES of every make; easy payments, $1 per week; horns, stands, carrying cases and supplies at factory prices. PIKE'S, 41 Washington st., cor. Friend; up 1 flight.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

PURE WHISKEY. Gin and old Rum—100 proof, 50 cents; full quart. THOS. SNOW & SONS, 59 So. Market st. Estab. nearly 100 years.

THE BALL ROOM.

PROF. SLYE, 604 Tremont st., 12 lessons $3; lessons day or evening.

CITY OF BOSTON.

CITY OF BOSTON, Street Department—Sealed proposals for the collection and removal of snow and ice from the streets and sidewalks in the City Proper, as shown on the official map on file at the office of the Superintendent of Streets, will be received at the said office on Thursday, March 9, 1905, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time they will be opened and read. Bidders must reside in or adjacent to the City of Boston, and must have been engaged and remained at least once each week to the said City of Boston, commencing with the 1st day of December, 1904, and ending with the 31st day of March, 1905, to cover a term of two (2) years, dependent on the proper appropriations being made by the City Council and the contractor the necessary horses and carts for the prompt removal of snow and ice when ordered by the Street Commissioner. Said proposals are

WASHINGTON FILLS UP FOR INAUGURATION DAY

MANY BOSTON PEOPLE REACH THERE TO-DAY

Impressive Pageant at President Roosevelt's Formal Installation to Be Unprecedented.

FAIR WEATHER PROMISED

Continued from First Page.

House between 10:30 and 11 o'clock tomorrow morning, accompanied by a detachment of army veterans, the famous Rough Riders, with whom Mr. Roosevelt served in the Spanish war, squadron A of New York city and the Congressional committee on arrangements, composed of Senators Spooner, Lodge and Bacon and Representatives Dalzell, Crumpacker and John Sharp Williams. This pageant will proceed down Pennsylvania avenue and up the hill to the Capitol. The President will proceed at once to the President's room in the Senate wing of the Capitol, where all bills awaiting Presidential action will be signed. Shortly before noon he will be escorted into the Senate Chamber to witness the inauguration of Vice-President Fairbanks.

Fairbanks Sworn In.

At 12 o'clock sharp Senator Frye, as president pro tem of the Senate, will rap with his gavel and announce that the Fifty-eighth Senate is adjourned sine die. Mr. Frye will then administer the oath to Vice-President and step down from the platform, handing the gavel to Mr. Fairbanks, who, in turn, will call the assemblage to order and, after prayer by the chaplain, will deliver his inaugural address.

Mr. Fairbanks will then administer the oath of office to the Senators-elect, after which the entire body will proceed to the rotunda of the Capitol, and from thence to the temporary amphitheatre constructed on the east entrance. On reaching the platform the President will take a seat reserved for him at the centre of the stand, with the Chief Justice of the United States on his right and the representatives of foreign countries on his left.

The oath of office will then be administered by the Chief Justice, or, in case of his absence for any reason whatsoever, by the senior associate justice present. Mr. Roosevelt will then deliver his inaugural address.

During this time the grand parade will be forming in the streets and avenues which radiate from the Capitol to the eastward. At the conclusion of his address the President will leave his carriage and proceed to the White House, accompanied by the Rough Riders and Squadron A, which throughout the day will act as his personal escort. The parade will follow, in command of Lieutenant-General Adna R. Chaffee, grand marshal.

Features of Parade.

Probably no inaugural parade that has ever taken place has had the startling features about it that this will have. In some ways it will be unique, for, in some ways picturesque, and beside there will be a deal of pomp and ceremony which has never been entered into on such occasion.

United States troops, the militia from the different States, Philippine scouts, Porto Rican soldiers and Hawaiians from the navy will march in company with Geronimo, the Apache, who has spent the greater part of his life in trying to upset the government. Other Indians will do their full regalia, will march down Pennsylvania avenue and the honor guard of the White Chief.

Men with notches on the handles of their guns will walk with the men who rushed up San Juan Hill and Colonel Roosevelt, and Old Bill Sewall, from Maine, who has been the President's guide on many hunting trips, is to be present.

"Bat" Is on Deck.

"Bat" Masterson, he of the record of twenty-seven notches on his gun, and now Deputy United States Marshal of New York, is to be in Washington, and about the days of the inauguration he will be conspicuous by his absence in Admiral Dewey. He has been out-ranked in the grip and will be unable to take any part in the inaugural.

The Rough Rider organization has held a meeting at which exactly one and one-thirty or more members were present, and arranged for a drill at Fort Myer, the idea being to train the mounts to be used by the Rough Riders in the parade. They will be headed by ex-Governor Roosevelt.

Among the Rough Riders are Additutant General Sherman Bell, Colorado; Guy Murchie, of Boston; D. M. Goodrich, the old Harvard oarsman; Lieutenant Greenway, of Michigan, and Woodbury Kane.

Roosevelt's big and little sons are flocking to Washington to see the honored member of their family inaugurated.

Robert R. Roosevelt, the President's uncle, has arrived, accompanied by his grandson, Robert R., 3d, five years old. All the President's children will attend the ceremonies at the Capitol. Besides those six Roosevelts there will be present in the Senate chamber the President's two sisters, Mrs. William S. Cowles and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, of New York.

Geronimo in Line.

The company of Philippine scouts, headed as one of the chief features of the parade, has arrived from St. Louis.

Commissioner Leupp has been criticised by the people of Arizona and others in the United States for his action in assigning an honorary position in the parade to Geronimo, the Indian medicine man and warrior, Geronimo.

"The Indians will be represented by Geronimo, he, when speaking of the affair, 'by the chiefs of six tribes who were formerly hostile to this country. The chiefs are Quanah, the Comanche; Archie Geronimo, of the Apaches; American Horse, of the Sioux; Little Plume, of the Blackfeet; Buckskin Charley, a member of the Ute tribe, and Hollow Horn Bear, a Brule Sioux. No objection has been made to any of these save Geronimo, and as a matter of fact the records of none would make pleasant breakfast table chat."

Captain Seth Bullock, old friend and frontier companion of Theodore Roosevelt, arranged with the President for a special review and handshake for the contingent of real cow punchers who will take part in the parade under Captain Bullock's leadership.

Military in Line.

The column will be divided into a military grand division and a civic grand division. The military division will be led by the cadets from West Point, the midshipmen from Annapolis, the regular army, regular army and detachments from the navy, marines and revenue cutter service. The second section will be composed exclusively of the National Guard of the District of Columbia. The third will include such organizations from the National Guard of the several States as have been designated. The last will comprise a dozen historical floats, floats from the various military schools in the country.

The civic grand division will be headed by the American Club of Pittsburg, as personal escort of R. B. Hall, grand marshal. The escort of the civic division will be the Cooking Club of Boston and Club of Utica. The right of line has been given to the Hungarian Club of New York City, 1,000 strong.

The civic grand division will be divided into three divisions and half a dozen brigades. The first brigade, first division, will be composed of eleven organizations from the State of Pennsylvania. The third brigade will be confined to the organizations from Ohio, five in number.

The second division will be in command of General Joseph Wheeler. The first brigade of the second division will be commanded by General J. Stuart MacDonald, and will include a logic corps from Adrian, Mich., a representation from the Spanish War Veterans, the Knights of Pythias and one or two other organizations. The second brigade, second division, will include the organizations from Captain Seth Bullock, formerly Sheriff of Deadwood. Organizations from Minnesota and New Jersey will march in this brigade. The third brigade will be headed by the Republican Club of Harvard University, the members uniformed in their red regular board caps and gowns. High school boys from nearly every State in the Union will march in this division, which will also include the Newsboys' Cadets of Toledo, Modern Woodmen of America, the United Boys' Brigade of America and a company from the Junior Order of Mechanics.

Colored Men at Rear.

The third and last division, which will conclude the parade, will be composed of colored organizations, headed by Judson W. Lyons, Register of the Treasury. This division will contain only one brigade of ten organizations, and will include the Bethel Institute, Alexandria, Va., and Washington, the Fleischmann Club of Cincinnati and other clubs, from Philadelphia, Pittsburg and Baltimore. At 6:30 o'clock in the evening the city will be illuminated by hundreds of thousands of electric lights, artistically grouped and arranged. The display of fireworks will begin on the White Lot, directly in front of the Capitol, at 7 o'clock the doors of the Pension Building will be thrown open for the reception of guests for the inaugural ball. At 9 o'clock the President will open the ball, which will continue until midnight.

NEW ENGLAND WELL REPRESENTED AT THE INAUGURATION

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The New England delegation to the inauguration, numbering about forty persons and headed by Governor John McLane and his staff, is quartered at the New Willard.

It is the largest delegation since a New Hampshire Governor has attended an inauguration, the last occasion being when Governor Hiram Roberts was present at the inauguration of Garfield. Governor Roberts was accompanied by a staff of fourteen years past a United States Senator from New Hampshire.

Major-General A. D. Ayling, New Hampshire's Adjutant-General, was also in attendance upon Governor Head, as he is the Governor's military aide. Colonel Ira Lane, General Ayling's term of service covers twenty-six years, and he is the ranking Adjutant-General of State forces in the country.

This evening at Pythian Temple, on Ninth street, the New Hampshire association will tender a reception to Governor McLane and his party, and Senator Gallinger will have the party as his guests at luncheon in the committee room of the Capitol.

Governor and Mrs. McLane will attend the reception given by Governor and Mrs. Fairbanks to-night in honor of the Governors who are here for the inauguration.

Besides Governor and Mrs. McLane, the New Hampshire party comprises Generals A. D. Ayling, C. C. Rand, Frank P. Frisbie, Frank E. Kaley and W. F. Thayer; Colonels Frederick E. Shepard, Clement J. Woodward, William P. Straw, H. Melvin Pass, John H. Hiett, Edwin C. Moses, Charles H. Anderson of the Governor's staff; the Hons. Frank N. Parker, Charles M. Floyd, Harry Howard, F. G. Leach and C. H. Greenleaf of the Governor's Council; Hon. A. V. Kennett, Hon. Perry H. Iow, Misses Mc-Lane, Thayer and Kaley, Mrs. Colonel Pilsley, Clinton A. McLane, Parker Straw and George B. Moses.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Massachusetts militia contingent is located in the National Rifles armory on G street, near Ninth. The building is well heated and ventilated, and the officers have excellent rooms and all are well pleased.

The boys say they had a comfortable trip and that there was no mishaps. A large sign on the front of the building reads as follows:

Massachusetts—A Battery, First Regiment, Boston; B Battery, First, Cambridge; E Battery, First, New Bedford; G Battery, First, Boston; H Battery, First, Chelsea; I Company, Fifth, Malden; I Company, Fifth, Attleboro; A Company, Sixth, Wakefield; Troop D, Roxbury.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The first party of the New England contingent to arrive was Governor Cobb of Maine and staff. The Governor was accompanied by Mrs. Cobb and their two daughters, and the following members of the staff: Adjutant-General Davis, Lieutenant-Colonel Robert H. Gardiner, aide-de-camp, and Major Edward H. Kelley, military secretary.

The Maine party was given a dinner last night by ex-Governor Burleigh, after which they attended the theatre. Saturday evening they will be dined by Senator Hale, ex-Governor Cobb and Mr. Dalzell will see the parade from the President's reviewing stand.

Governor Proctor, of Vermont, with Mrs. Bell and the Misses Bell and the Governor's staff, arrived during the day. Other arrivals included Governor C. P. Litter and Lieutenant-Governor Pfeffer, of Jackson, of Rhode Island, and the members of the Governor's staff.

Word was received from Connecticut that Governor Henry Roberts is coming to his home by an attack of grippe and on the advice of his physician has abandoned the contemplated trip to Washington. The State will be represented by Lieutenant-Governor Rollin S. Woodruff.

140 HARVARD MEN WILL MARCH IN THE INAUGURAL PARADE

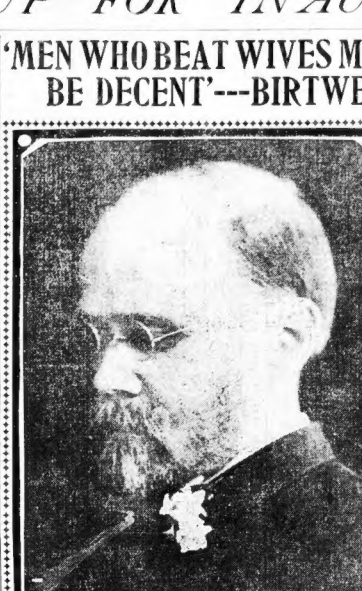
Seventy-five Harvard students have left the South station for Washington to take part in the inaugural parade, representing the Harvard Republican club. The Harvard contingent to the parade will number 140 men. The party which left the South station this evening was augmented at the Back Bay by twenty more students. A number of others who had gone along ahead to have a little more time in Washington in Washington or for visiting on the way will join the club at the capital.

Some of the alumni who are living in Washington have expressed a desire to march with the club, but they will be accommodated. Costumes have been sent on ahead for their use.

For the accommodation of the students two day coaches were attached to the train. The only decoration of the cars consisted of two squares of cardboard, each marked with a crimson H, and these were originally pinned in an unpuzzling, following academic robes and the crimson insignia were forgotten. They were worn as the parade were safely locked away in suit cases.

In charge of the party was Weston B. Flint, Jr., secretary of the club, and assisting him were Professor Charles J. M. Wheeler, of the Vice-President S. N. Hinckley, '95; Dr. Homer Ting and R. H. Dyson, '95. Secretary Flint will be marshal of the parade. The students' headquarters engaged at No. 1133 Fourteenth street. This evening they will be guests of the Harvard Club of Washington, at a smoker at the University Club in that city.

'MEN WHO BEAT WIVES MA BE DECENT'---BIRTWELL



AUTHOR OF THE WHIPPING POST BILL.

Secretary of Children's Aid Society Opposes Wife Beaters' Bill and Is Applauded.

"Men who beat their wives may be decent men," said Charles W. Birtwell, secretary of the Children's Aid Society, while appearing in remonstrance to the "whipping post bill" introduced by Frederic W. Peabody in the Senate and given a hearing today before the Committee on Judiciary.

A shout of laughter and surprise from the hundreds of women in the room, followed by a gale of hisses, did not make Mr. Birtwell qualify his statement, although a few minutes before Mr. Peabody had said "a cur was a noble being compared with the contemptible and detestable brute who beat his wife."

"The wife beater may be the victim of temperance which began with his father," exclaimed Mr. Birtwell, turning his back to the committee and facing the angry faces of the indignant women.

Was at Last Applauded.

"I could show you cases of wife-beating which would arouse your sympathy."

There was some more laughter, and Mr. Birtwell began, impatiently:

"You ladies don't understand"—then he waited until quiet was restored, and pleaded the cause of the wife-beater so well he received more applause when he sat down than the author of the measure.

The room was crowded long before the hearing was opened.

"I am old-fashioned enough to take a hostile attitude toward the efforts of a few misguided women who are trying to force women into legal equality with men," began Mr. Peabody, after reading the President Roosevelt's reference to wife-beating and the importance he had made on the President's suggestion by providing for the punishment of those who beat women, whether their wives or not.

Laws are Inadequate.

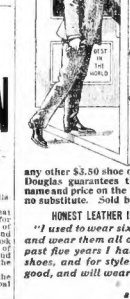
"A man who strikes a woman is most despicable and contemptible. The present laws are wholly inadequate to deal with this crime. I find by statistics from three-fourths of the Massachusetts courts that 1,100 cases of assault and battery on women took place in this State last year. There were 810 convictions. If we do not stop this brutality, we deserve the contempt of mankind, and physical pain is the only thing such degraded brutes can feel."

Charles D. Baker said wife-beaters should be "whipped on the premises, with a sign above their heads reading 'This is a wife-beater.' Then take him to jail and the put on them in good shape."

Mr. Birtwell was the only person appearing in remonstrance, ridiculing the bill, and said: "But the wives of wife-beaters and their children were the persons most interested in killing the bill; that it was directly counter to all the efforts made to better society, and the only way to reclaim wife-beaters was to treat them decently."

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE $3.50 SHOES FOR MEN



W.L.Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world, is, because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are worn by all classes of men.
Fast Color Eyelets will not tarnish.
YOU DON'T NEED TO PAY HIGH PRICES FOR SHOES ANY LONGER.

HONEST LEATHER IN W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

"I used to wear six and seven dollar shoes, and wear them all out in a season. For the past five years I have worn Douglas $5.50 shoes, and for style and fit they are just as good, and will wear two seasons."

Col. C. C. CORBETT,
2 Westland Avenue, Boston.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in your town. If not, Send for New Illustrated Catalog of Spring Styles. Shoes by mail, 25c. extra.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. Douglas Coltskin "Corona Coltskin" is the $3.50 shoe. "Corona Colt" is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather produced.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 Shoe Stores in Boston:

$35-537 WASHINGTON STREET. | 115-117 SUMMER STREET. | 130 HANOVER STREET. 291 WASHINGTON STREET. | 63 COURT STREET. | below Washington St.

1,500 MINERS IN BIG RIOT; 12 SHOT DOWN

250 UNARMED AMERICANS IN PERIL IN PENNSYLVANIA MINING HAMLET.

Special to the Boston American.

WASHINGTON, Pa., March 3.—Fifteen hundred miners are rioting at the Ellsworth mines, about ten miles to the south, near the Monongahela River. At midnight they were reported to be in control of Police Logan, of Monongahela City, stating that a dozen people had been shot, that there were 250 Americans, mostly unarmed, to oppose the foreign rioters, Sheriff Pentacost at once swore in a body of armed deputies and started for Ellsworth.

Late news from Monongahela states that Chief of Police Logan had just left for Ellsworth by special train at the head of fifty deputies armed with Winchesters and with instructions to shoot first and ask questions later. The trouble grew out of friction between the foreign miners and Miners' Union. The foreigners blame the Americans for the trouble.

Ellsworth is a mining hamlet and the mines are owned by the Ellsworth Coal Company of Chicago.

GEN. WALLACE'S FARM TO BE FISH HATCHERY

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 3.—Mrs. Lew Wallace, widow of General Lew Wallace, author of "Ben Hur," and her son, Henry Wallace, have carried out the plan which one of the late soldier and writer by offering to the Government "Water Bubble," the General's beautiful country place. The farm is to be used as a hatchery and is already fitted out with a hatchery equipment and several large artificial lakes.

ACTOR'S WIFE MAY LOSE HER WHARF

An attempt to oust Mrs. Alice McAloon, wife of Andrew Mack, the actor, from occupying a strip of land on Onset Bay, which she has used as a wharf landing for her steam launch, is being made by Clarence C. Puffer and Charles P. Perkins, who say they own the property. Judge Fessenden has the matter under advisement.

ELOPED WITH PASTOR; LOYAL TO HIM IN JAIL

Miss Bowne Refuses to Accept the Offer of Bail Made to Her by Her Father.

"LOVE WILL NEVER DIE"

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J. March 3.—Miss Julia Bowne, who eloped with Rev. J. F. Cordova, refused to leave the Middlesex County Jail unless Cordova goes with her. Her father offered to go bail for her, and the bond was drawn up by Justice Sedam and the discharge ready, but she would not accept it.

"Forsake him and I will be your father again. Leave him forever and your home is open again to you as it was before," said the father.

"No," said Miss Bowne, "I am willing to give up all for him."

"But what do you expect to do?"

"I shall work or do anything for him," was her reply.

"I have come here to get you out of jail," said the father.

"It would be of no use for me to leave the jail," she said, "I must wait for him. My affection for him will never die."

"But will you be willing to go home?" asked her parents.

"If he goes to prison I will wait for him," was her answer.

"But you have a mother and father, sister and brother. Have you no love for them," she was asked.

"Yes, but my love for Cordova is stronger. I will never lose my love for him."

She has a cell with three other women as her companions.

LAWSON VS. ROCKEFELLER

NEW YORK, March 3.—John Rockefeller was in the Harlem Police Court and said he was the twelve-year-old son of Ira D. Rockefeller, who lives at Pocantico Hills, N. Y. The latter Rockefeller was summoned there before Magistrate Breen on a charge of abandonment, made by Mrs. Gertrude Lawson Rockefeller, who lives at No. 124 West One Hundred and Twelfth street. She is a daughter of Thomas Lawson, who has had to court that she got fair play.

Magistrate Breen ordered Rockefeller to pay his wife $3 a week. When he said that he had promised her a bond of $150 Rockefeller had to go to a cell in the Harlem prison instead of to Germania town house. The Rockefellers made no claim to relationship to the Standard Oil Rockefellers. Rather, the father of Mrs. Rockefeller, has never written anything against the Standard Oil.

NO POSTMASTER; MAY CLOSE OFFICE

DUXBURY, March 3.—Because no one can be found to accept the postmastership, the postoffice at Milbrook, a village in this town, will probably be abandoned. The government has notified Postmaster Johnson that if a successor to Postmaster W. D. Johnson, who resigned, is not found within fifteen days, the office will be closed.

Postmaster Johnson resigned because he was required to increase his bond as the office could do a money order business.

WHY SHOULD YOU COLLECT TRADING STAMPS AND RECEIVE FOR THEM

$2.00 in Cash or $5.00 in merchandise on a full book

WHEN YOU CAN GET

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Will Positively Cure

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HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

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SAYS BROTHER DIED TO SAVE HIM FROM NOOSE

Allentown, Pa., Authorities May Have Tried and Hanged the Wrong Man.

AN INVESTIGATION BEGUN

WASHINGTON, Pa., March 3.—That Eugene Bloch, who was hanged at Allentown on Tuesday, for the murder of Mrs. Kate Fallinger, was innocent, and that he died on the scaffold to save his brother, who he knew was guilty of the crime, is the assertion of the brother who has given himself up and confessed.

The authorities here are investigating the case. They cannot believe that such a cruel and needless murder could have been made. They feel that the young man must be laboring under a delusion brought on by the shock of his brother's execution.

But Bloch's story is a circumstantial one. He was captured in the coal mines at Canonsburg, and he said that he did not even know that Jake Bloch had been tried for the murder, and did not hear of the hanging until it was read to him from a newspaper. A fellow workman happened to be reading an account of the execution in Bloch's hearing. Suddenly the latter said, "I must wait for him. My old, lonesome wife must not be left alone."

"My God, that is terrible. He never killed that woman! I did it. I am the murderer. It is I who should have been hanged."

Young Bloch quit work and came here and told the authorities the story. He was laboring under a frenzy of remorse. He was locked up while

"My brother died to save me," he cried. He knew that I was guilty. I am ready to be punished. I am ready to suffer for my crime."

The young man then totally collapsed, later when he recovered and seemed to realize what he had said he for a time refused to talk. He made no confession, declaring that it was a joke. But after a time he again returned to the story of the truth and he was willing to stand the punishment in store for him.

Adolph Bloch is a German Jew, and formerly lived in Philadelphia. His brother was hanged for the alleged murder of Mrs. Kate Fallinger, August 6, 1903.

The murder of Mrs. Fallinger was a brutal one. Her throat was cut and her dead body was found hours after the crime. Eugene Bloch was arrested. It is claimed that Mrs. Fallinger had been attacked by a stranger, and that he was being tried to defend the woman when she was killed.

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Our new Spring Topcoats are ready.

Loose topcoats—
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And they fit—full of style and character, for they're Morse-made.

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We've a handsome assortment of Russian Suits, sizes 3 to 7 years, at $5.

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Designers and Makers of "Superior" Ready-to-Wear Union Made Clothing.

Washington and Brattle Streets

CONSTIPATION

"For over nine years I suffered with chronic constipation. I tried Cascarets and got relief. I took them for nine years before I used Cascarets. I suffered long enough before using them. They are to me I am free from all that this morning. You can use this in behalf of Cascarets."—E. P. Fisher, Roanoke, Ill.

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THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c., 25c., 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 609

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Nautical Training School

An examination of applicants for entrance to the Nautical Training School, Boston, will be held on board the training ship ENTERPRISE, North End Park, Boston, on

Saturday, April 8th, 1905,

at 10 A. M.

Application papers and other information can be obtained by addressing Commissioners Nautical Training School, Room 130, State House, Boston.

PRESIDENT REWARDS FATHER OF 15 CHILDREN

PHOTOGRAPH OF THE NOLAN FAMILY WHICH WAS SHOWN TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

Standing (from left to right)—Alice, Mollie, Loretta, Archie, John F., Matthew, Gertrude, Nellie, Annie.

Seated (from left to right)—Willie, Grace, Harry, Mrs. Nolan, Mr. John Nolan, Dorothy, Agnes (elder girl of ten seated), Raymond.

Brookline Letter Carrier, John Nolan, Reappointed When Roosevelt Sees Picture.

As a reward for raising the largest family in the State, John Nolan has been reinstated in the mail service at Brookline by President Roosevelt. There may have been some other consideration, but the most telling argument in his favor was a picture of the sturdy former letter carrier and his wife, surrounded by their fifteen sons and daughters.

The picture was sent to Congressman Powers, who has been trying to obtain Nolan's reinstatement, and by him was presented to the President, who evidently thought that a man whose views on the question of race suicide so closely coincided with his own should be granted any reasonable request.

Previous to his dismissal six years ago, Mr. Nolan was a letter carrier connected with the Brookline office. He had been in the service for twenty-four years, and had always been considered one of the most efficient and faithful employes. When free delivery was established in Brookline he was selected to lay out the carriers' routes.

The Remarkable Picture.

The picture, which is now in the hands of the President, is a most remarkable one. It shows the father and mother in the prime of life, with their nine girls, all of them of more than ordinary attractiveness, and six stalwart sons, grouped about them. The eldest, John F., is thirty-three, while the baby is Dorothy, eight years old. All of the girls are graduates of the Brookline High School, and are great favorites among their friends. Three of them, Loretta, Agnes and Alice, are on the professional stage with a comic opera company. Loretta was with the "Mr. Bluebeard" company at the Iroquois Theatre in Chicago the night of the fire. She escaped without injury, but lost all her costumes.

Some of the other Nolan girls have received medals for their proficiency as swimmers, having taken up the sport when the Brookline baths were established.

Father Is Only Fifty-Four.

The sons are all young men of good habits and assist their father to the best of their ability in the support of his family.

John Nolan is only fifty-four years old, while his wife, a graduate of motherly woman, is a few years younger. Were the whole family alive it would number twenty-two instead of seventeen, as three children have died. Mr. Nolan is a native of Ireland, coming to this country when he was little more than a boy. His wife comes from New Brunswick.

JOHN L.'S FOUR-ROUND $1,000 OFFER UP AGAIN

Special to the Boston American.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., March 3.—John L. Sullivan says he has the hardest punch of any man in the world, and Jack McCormick, who was knocked out by the former champion in the second round at Smith's Opera House Wednesday night.

Sullivan is willing to meet all comers. He has posted a forfeit of $1,000 for any man who will stand before either him or McCormick for four rounds.

"I am going to win back the championship," said John L. "A man is only as old as he feels, and I feel like a Spring chicken. I am going to continue my monologue stunt and keep on training. I have taken off twenty-three pounds in nineteen days and I can easily get down to 220 pounds.

"I am considering an offer to tour Canada, England and Australia this Summer, and I shall keep after all those men that think they are big ones until I get a fight."

McCormick, who will be Sullivan's sparring partner, is also after a fight. He will challenge the winner of the Jack Johnson-Marvin Hart fight at San Francisco next month. He has whipped Johnson once and says he will meet him or any man in the world.

CHALLENGE FROM JOHN L. IGNORED BY JEFF AND FITZ

James J. Jeffries is not particularly frightened by John L. Sullivan's announcement that he will win back the championship. In regard to Sullivan's challenge to him, Jeffries, who is in Richmond, Va., said:

"Pity for John L., and a respect for his once great prowess has kept me silent on his challenge to me. Let John L. offer to fight me for $50,000, and my answer to him is that I wouldn't get into the same ring with him if $100,000 were offered.

"Why? Because I honestly believe John L. is 'all in,' and because if I ever hit him I feel that the provocation would be justified in arresting me for assault and battery with malicious intent.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN'S MEASUREMENTS

Neck	19½ inches
Chest	46 inches
Waist	40 inches
Calves	16 inches
Thighs	20 inches
Biceps	16½ inches
Forearm	13½ inches
Height	5 feet 10½ inches
Reach	74½ inches
Weight	278 pounds

"Cut me out of the John L. racket," continued Jeffries. "Sullivan is trying hard to get some money. He is entitled to all that he can get. He was the greatest fighter the world ever saw in his day, but his day is long since passed.

"I am not fighting old men or second raters. When the boxing world produces a man who I think would give me a decent fight, then, and not till then, shall I consent to get into the ring.

"I have a little money stored away. I don't need to fight any longer, but James J. Jeffries will always be ready to defend his title if a decent opponent is found.

"John L., by the way, should have better sense. He knows he hasn't one chance in the world of beating any of the modern fighters. He could never train down, and besides he has passed the age limit."

Would Be Murder, Says Fitz.

Dispatches from Des Moines say that Fitzsimmons looks upon Sullivan's challenge as a joke.

"Why, it would be an everlasting disgrace for me," he said. "A man who would enter the ring with Sullivan should be arrested for attempt to commit murder. I thought that would end it, but now comes this message. I shall not pay any attention to it. I do not think I shall even answer it.

"I am willing to fight any living pugilist from Champion Jeffries down, but I could not consent to even think of making a match with poor old John L. Sullivan."

ARMED TRAMPS ROB AND CHOKE FEEBLE WOMAN

Posse Keeps Up All-Night Hunt Near Providence for Miss Inman's Assailants.

MADE DASH FOR LIBERTY

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 3.—An all-night hunt for two tramps who robbed and choked aged Miss Elizabeth Inman of Slatersville was resumed to-day, armed citizens joining the police in the search. Miss Inman lives alone in a small cottage on the Mt. Pleasant road, in Slatersville, a little village north of this city, and is ill and weak from the shock and beating she received.

They burst in the door leading to the kitchen, and in doing so caught Miss Inman behind it.

Miss Inman slipped over to the other side of the entry, pushed open the door and made a dash for the yard to get to the neighbors.

Before she had gone ten feet from the house the men overtook her. One of them threw her down on the ice and choked off her cries. The other man seized her by the wrist and said:

"We want your money."

Taking her by the wrists, they led her into the cottage. She went to her bedroom, and first throwing a bedspread over her slightness, opened a bureau drawer and gave the robbers a pocket book which contained $7. One of the robbers drew a revolver, and, insisting that she must give up more money than that, threatened to shoot her.

Looking into the muzzle of the gun, Miss Inman said: "I can die, but I can't give you any more money, for I haven't any." The robbers decided to search the house.

One of them stood guard over the woman, revolver in one hand and holding her wrist with the other, while the other robber, striking matches, hunted for plunder. The discovery of a well-filled larder delayed the execution of the plan, for one of the robbers found a pie and the other could not stay away. He demanded a part of it, leaving Miss Inman alone a minute.

She suddenly made a dash, slipped by the man with the gun, and, opening the outside door, made a sharp turn around the corner of the house. They running with all her strength and speed toward Mrs. Bessie Young's house, 150 yards distant, she reached there before her pursuers could catch her.

LIBERAL VICTORY IN ENGLISH ELECTION

LONDON, March 3.—The Northwest Motherial election for member of Parliament has resulted in the election of Jones, the Liberal candidate, who received 2,022 votes, while Noble, the Conservative candidate, received 2,702. Chamberlain's Bucklooley was the issue.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Dorothy Dix, Winifred Black and Mrs. Osborn write exclusively for the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

LABOR NEWS

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL 96 BOSTON, MASS.

The resignation of President Dennis F. O'Brien was read and accepted at the meeting of the Franklin Association of Junior Pressmen and Feeders in Wells Memorial Building. Mr. O'Brien leaves the organization to become a member of Pressmen's Union No. 67. The union voted to make Mr. O'Brien an honorary member, and a committee was appointed to present him with a set of resolutions, engrossed and framed, expressing the union's appreciation of his valuable services while connected with the organization.

At the smoketalk which followed the meeting International President Martin P. Higgins gave an interesting talk on his recent trip to San Francisco as delegate to the A. F. of L. convention. An enjoyable entertainment was also given.

HOISTING ENGINEERS' BALL.

The third annual ball of Hoisting and Portable Engineers' Union No. 4 will be held next Monday night in Lyceum Hall, East Boston.

A. M. Huddell will be chief marshal and J. J. Foley assistant marshal. The list of aids includes A. E. Pike, S. A. Mauchester, Frederick Finley, Frank Hickeman, George Berry, Alfred Butterfield, Gilbert Bourke and Daniel White.

SEVERAL DANCES TO-NIGHT.

Annual dances will be held by three local unions to-night—Machinists' Lodge No. 264, Engineers' Union No. 16 and Coal Teamsters and Handlers' Union No. 68.

Paul Revere Hall will be the scene of the annual reception and ball of Machinists' Lodge No. 264, and Jubilee Trom. the 50th anniversary of the organization. A souvenir sale of tickets a big success is assured.

Engineers' Union No. 16 will hold forth in Roughan's Hall, Charlestown. The following are the officers of the affair: Floor Marshal, Frank B. Monaghan; assistant marshal, P. J. Gorman; floor director, F. W. Dolloff, chief of aids, James McGrath; reception committee, Bartholomew Sullivan, J. R. Walsh, James McGrath, F. W. Dolloff, P. J. Gorman, D. Mullane, Timothy D. McCarthy, Joseph W. Coron, Jr., President Monaghan, T. F. Maher and George E. Greenough.

Coal Teamsters and Handlers' Union No. 68 has arranged to accommodate a large gathering in Odd Fellows Hall. President Frank P. Fall will be chief marshal, vice-president, John J. Fenton assistant marshal; former president, P. J. Gallagher door director, John J. Riley and Jeremiah Mahoney assistants; David B. Proctor, chief of aids, and F. Mundy, chairman of the reception committee.

SALEM LABOR GOSSIP.

The grocery and provision retail clerks of Salem, Beverly and Peabody, have formed a union which starts in with a most promising future. Competent officers have been chosen and plans perfected for the benefit of the organization. A smoke talk and social will be held this month. The union has received the endorsement of the Central Labor Union of Salem and is affiliated with the international body.

Robert C. Schneider, of Salem, president of the Bakers and Confectioners' Workers' Union of the First district, will preside at the convention to be held in Brockton tomorrow and Sunday. He will represent the Local in Salem as a delegate. Joseph G. Morin is the second representative.

Plans are being made in Salem to reorganize the Retail Clerks' Association. The latter is still in existence but has broken away from the International body. Prominent members of the C. L. U. are desirous of returning the association to the ranks.

LABOR NOTES.

The executive committee of Stablemen's Union No. 10,695, A. F. of L., people from the work of securing the signatures of all stable owners who did not sign the agreement last year.

Bricklayers' Union No. 3, at its meeting next Monday night will elect two delegates to the State Convention to be held in New Bedford, March 13 and 14.

UNION STRIKERS LEAVE QUINCY TO INCREASE POLICE FORCE

QUINCY, March 3.—With sixty union granite cutters having left here on account of the granite cutters' strike, and with prospects that others will follow, another determined effort is being made to-day by the Master Builders and Traders' Association to bring a settlement of the trouble. The men who left the city have gone to Mount Hayden, Me., and Fitzwilliam, N. H., where work is plentiful.

The great body of strikers in the city are taking the strike easily. They are gathering in Dobbie Hall, the strike headquarters, talking things over and awaiting the result of the Master Builders and Traders' Association's efforts to adjust the difficulty.

How Uncle Sam has grown in 129 years. The marvelous progress that has been made since the day of Washington is graphically illustrated in a double-page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

At the next meeting of the Common Council an order will be offered by Councilman Fitzgerald E. Ward Jr., authorizing the Board of Police to increase the number of reserve patrolmen, from 100 to 150, in order that every day sergeant and patrolman may be granted one day off in thirty, except in vacation season. This order has been framed in response to a communication to the Council from Chairman Emmons of the Board of Police Commissioners, telling the Council what was necessary to enable the Commissioners to grant these days off.

RICH WIDOW LEFT SERVANTS $20,000

NORWICH, Ct., March 3.—Bequests to servants to the amount of $20,000 is the unusual feature of the will of Mrs. Mary Fitch Page, widow of R. C. S. Page, of New York. The estate amounts to half a million. Mary Carney was left $10,000, Ellen Clement $8,000 and Mary Foley $2,000. To her niece, Mary Fitch Watkins, there is a legacy of $100,000. The remainder of the estate goes to her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Watkins of Lakeville, Mass.

OCEAN LINER IN COLLISION

LONDON, March 3.—The Exchange Telegraph Company has a dispatch from Liverpool announcing that the Dominion liner Vancouver has been in collision in the Mersey. No details are given.

"IT SAVED MY LIFE"

PRAISE FOR A FAMOUS MEDICINE

Mrs. Willadsen Tells How She Tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Just in Time.

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words.

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen

"Before I wrote to you, telling you how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady and spent lots of money on medicines besides, but it all failed to help me. My monthly periods had ceased and I suffered much pain, with fainting spells, headache, backache and bearing-down pains, and I was so weak I could hardly keep around. As a last resort I decided to write you and try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am so thankful that I did, for after following your instructions, which you sent me free of all charge, my monthly periods started; I am regular and in perfect health. Had it not been for you I would be in my grave to-day. I sincerely trust that this letter may lead every suffering woman in the country to write you for help as I did."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, they should remember there is no one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. Refuse all substitutes.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

YALE LOSES ITS MASCOT

NEW HAVEN, Ct., March 3.—"If mascots can count for anything over yonder, the boys in blue can depend on 'Pop' for all the pull he's got," said James Smith, known by thousand of Yale students and graduates as "Pop" Smith. Yale's mascot for many years, when told by his physician he could not recover.

He was forced to give up traveling with the football elevens and baseball nines several years ago on account of ill health, but his last years were made happy by the kindly interest of the students in their old mascot. He was born in England and was eighty-eight years old.

DEAN QUITS TO WED PROFESSOR

PROVIDENCE, March 3.—The resignation of Miss Annie Crosby Emery, dean of the women's college connected with Brown University, on account of her approaching marriage to Professor Francis G. Allinson, has been given to the faculty.

Miss Emery has been at the head of the women's college since 1900. She is a graduate of Vassar, and was once second dean of Pembroke Hall. Her prospective husband is connected with the Greek department of the University, and one of the most prominent members of the faculty.

Miss Shaw King, a graduate of Vassar and Radcliffe, has been appointed to succeed Miss Emery as dean.

ROOT DECLINES $100,000 OFFER

WASHINGTON, March 3.—President Roosevelt has found his $100,000 for the position of general manager of the Panama Canal construction work, but ex-Secretary Elihu Root, the man selected, declines to accept the place.

The tremendous responsibilities of the office more than offset the salary offered in Mr. Root's opinion, and he says he is too old for a place requiring so much strenuous work in an unhealthy climate.

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

WILLIE KEELER, NEW YORK AMERICAN LEAGUE CLUB'S FAMOUS AND SCIENTIFIC WIELDER OF THE BAT

These photographs of Willie Keeler, the clever batsman and outfielder of the New York Americans, were taken by a BOSTON AMERICAN camera expert at the Harvard baseball cage, where Keeler is coaching the candidates for the Crimson nine the fine points of fielding and batting. They show the great player in various positions while at the bat, and give the reader an excellent idea of how Wee Willie makes his famous bunts and sacrifice hits. The largest picture shows how Keeler holds the oak. Notice how his hands are placed. This, he says, gives him greater chances of placing the ball. Below Keeler has written an interesting article for the BOSTON AMERICAN readers on batting. His don'ts will prove valuable to all players, young and old.

KEELER TELLS THE BEST WAY FOR A BALL PLAYER TO BECOME A SKILFUL AND A SCIENTIFIC BATSMAN

Wee Willie Keeler! Who does not know the famous midget ball player? One of the stars of the profession, one of its best paid, one of its brainiest, and a player whose ability carried him to the front ranks years ago, and to-day, as a veteran of the game and a shining light of the old school, he holds the same high position and will continue to do so for many years, and remain among the top-notchers of the National pastime.

Those who have seen Keeler move up to the plate and face the pitcher have generally remarked at the position of his hands on the bat, as the skilful batter grasps the stick nearly in the middle, and the stick is not any too long at that, as Keeler goes in for a short choke, as he can wield it more to his liking. Keeler, in the following article, gives BOSTON AMERICAN readers some valuable points on batting.

By Willie Keeler.

I take hold of the bat somewhat above the handle because it gives me control, and therefore the ball can be placed better. I always make my effort to hit the ball to a spot that is not covered by a fielder, or as far out of his reach as possible, and to do so it is necessary to manage the stick and apply it with the proper amount of steam and at the right angle. In holding the bat in the way which I do it also bothers the fielders, as it is impossible to tell whether I am going to bunt or try to hit the ball out. The object should always be to tie the fielders up in their conjecture where you intend directing the ball, and by so doing the opportunities are greater for giving one a bigger space in which to drop a hit.

BEST WAY TO BUNT.

To qualify as a bunt hitter a player must have the right qualities with him, and a young player has much to learn before he can get any advantage out of it. It is a play supposed to fool the members of the opposing team, and requires quick thought and action in handling the bat. Most players knock up easy pop flies because they don't meet the ball squarely, being overanxious to tap. In bunting I shove the upper hand toward the end of the bat, thereby lessening the force of the impact and gaining more accuracy in placing, but it demands the utmost accuracy of the eye in following the course of the ball, and must be done in a flash. There is just the slightest draw-back motion on slow balls, and the bat on speedy ones drops, the hands being relaxed more quickly.

SOME VALUABLE "DON'TS."

Here are a few "don'ts" for the benefit of young batters:

DON'T be too anxious to pound the ball out of the lot.
DON'T forget to have plenty of confidence when going up to the plate.
DON'T make any move that would give the fielders any impression where you intend to hit.
DON'T go through too many motions when about to strike at the ball.
DON'T get off your balance when swinging or striking at the ball.
DON'T pull away from the plate when the pitcher delivers the ball.
DON'T lose your alertness to strike at the first good ball that comes over the plate.
DON'T swing wildly at the ball. Use a short swing.
DON'T let your eyes lose sight of the ball.

TAYLOR WILL GO WITH TEAM

President John I. Taylor of the Boston Champs has decided to start South with the team on March 11, but Treasurer Carl M. Green will not leave Boston until just time to join the team as it leaves Macon for its ante-season tour.

BLINK WILL MEET ASHLEY AT SALEM

For an all-round good boxing show, the Apollo A. C., of Salem, has some star bouts for next Tuesday night. Manager Brennan has arranged for a couple of fast ten-round bouts, besides a "prelim" of six.

Blink McCloskey, the ex-Philadelphia boxer, will meet Guy Ashley, of Fall River, in one of the main bouts, while the Buffalo Sunflower and George Murray come together in the other. Then Johnny Powers and Johnny Sheehan meet in the prelim. This is the strongest card that could be gotten together with New England talent competing, and will give the Witch City fans the biggest bill of boxing that they have had for a long time.

* * *

Willie Stinger, that fast Philadelphia batsman, is now in the 11th and is looking for the scalp of Jimmy Walsh. He has beaten Griff Jones and has a draw with Tommy Murphy, which gives some idea of his caliber. He can make 116 pounds easily enough for Walsh, and the boys will probably be matched within a few days.

SMALL TALK FOR BASEBALL FANS

The Phillies and the Athletics will hurry home from their Southern trip, as they clash in a series of games beginning April 1.

* * *

Fred O'Brien, the champs' young recruit, looks every inch a ball player, and he will bear watching on the trip South.

* * *

McGovern, the champs' new backstop, speaks very highly of Zoiyra, the New Bedford pitcher, whom Collins will try out. He says that Zoiyra was the best in the New England League.

* * *

Cleveland has released catcher "Jack" McAllister and gotten to the Buffalo team of the Eastern League.

It is likely that Buffalo will have her troubles in signing McAllister for the coming season. "Jack" is head baseball coach at the University of Michigan, and his work is giving such satisfaction that he will be held until June 15. He is being paid an excellent salary for doing the coaching, and can afford to hold out for a good contract. Buffalo wants him to report about March 15, but he will refuse.

* * *

Catcher William R. Marshall, of the Giants, has written Secretary Knowles of the club that he is ready to sign for the coming season. Marshall has been studying dentistry in Chicago during the Winter.

* * *

President Shettsline, of the Philadelphia Club, is not worrying about fielders.

He says: "Nearly all the National League and American League clubs have more outfielders under contract than they will carry after finishing their Spring training in the South, and must let out some of them just as good as the ones they keep, to thin out their ranks. I'll bet that if Losh and McCormick do not join us the chances are that we will be able to land a better man than either of them. But, as stated, we will have Titus and then, besides, there is Kruger, a good hitter, who plays a spiking game in the outfield."

* * *

The Brownies and Cardinals conflict in six Sunday games in St. Louis, but the Mound City can stand a lot of ball on that day.

* * *

By voting to table an amendment to the bill prohibiting Sunday baseball games and theatrical performances, the Missouri House killed the bill after several attempts had been made to amend it and a motion postponing its consideration indefinitely had been voted down.

The Indiana House of Representatives defeated a bill to allow Sunday baseball games by a vote of 44 to 48.

COURT DECISION WON'T AFFECT A.A.U. MEETING

Despite the decision against boxing rendered by the Supreme Court of this State, the championship A. A. U. boxing bouts will be held at Mechanics Building, under the auspices of the B. A. A., next Monday.

The reason the A. A. U. bouts are not affected by the ruling of the court is that they will be held before a club whose purpose is not solely the holding of sparring exhibitions.

Can marriage be made scientific? A remarkable symposium on the question if laws shall be made restricting and regulating marriage will be published in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

CORNELL WILL RACE HARVARD VARSITY CREW

Special to the Boston American.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 3.—There was rejoicing to-day when Judge Irvine, president of the athletic council, announced that Cornell's varsity crew will be sent to Boston on May 27 to row Harvard's varsity crew.

This came as a great surprise, for it was reported to-day that the race was to be between the junior crews of the two universities, and it was even stated here that as varsity material was so scarce a freshman crew might possibly represent Cornell.

The above arrangement will please the undergraduates here, for Cornell and Harvard varsity crews have not competed against each other since 1897. Since then Cornell and Harvard have held annual junior regattas on Cayuga Lake up to last year.

LAKESIDE WON GAME.

The strong Lakeside basketball team, of Arlington, administered a severe drubbing to the Somerville High and Latin team at the Town Hall, Arlington. The score was 40 to 9.

LANGFORD TO BATTLE COLE

One of the hardest and ruggedest bouts that has been on the boards for some time is scheduled at the Douglas A. C. to-night, when Sam Langford, the coming welterweight champion, meets George Cole, of Philadelphia, as the colored fighters are about the toughest in the business and the members at the ringside will witness one of the fiercest contests that only two chocolate boxers can put up. Cole is the best of his weight in the Quaker City and is above Blackburn or Dave Healy, whom Langford has defeated, and to all appearances Cole will be the most difficult problem that the Haverhill Langford has tackled.

SCHOOLBOYS IN BIG GAMES

Great interest is being taken in the schoolboy games, which will be conducted under the auspices of the B. A. A., in Mechanics Building to-morrow afternoon.

About 250 individual entries have been received, including representatives from all the leading high and preparatory schools in New England.

The first call for the dash will be made at 1:45, and at 2 o'clock sharp the preliminary heats will be run off.

DR. HERRICK CURES MEN

My Guarantee Is: "Not a Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured.

Varicocele. I cure this disease without operation, and under my treatment the congested condition soon disappears, the parts are restored to their natural condition, vigor and strength and health in manhood are re-established.

Stricture. I cure stricture without the knife or instrument by an application which acts directly on the parts affected, dissolving the stricture completely by my galvanic-electric method. Cures are permanent. No painless and no serious interference with your business duties.

Loss of Manly Vigor. You may be lacking in the power to use the means of procreation, or in virility. If so I will restore to you the vigor, vim and vigor of vitality, the loss of which may be the result of indiscretion, excesses and unnatural weakness.

Contagious Blood Poison. It may be in its primary stage or it may have been hereditary or contracted in early days. It may be governed and controlled by my method. Improvement and weakness noticed in 24 hours; cures effected in 7 days.

Private Diseases. Needs contracted years cured. All burning, painful urination, inflammation and unnatural weakness stopped in 24 hours; cures effected in 7 days.

Chronic Disorders of Men Cured. I successfully treat all CHRONIC AND UNNATURAL WEAKNESSES, LOSSES, DRAINS, effects of youthful errors, OUS DEBILITY, SYPHILIS, HYDROCELE, SCIATICA, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, KIDNEY, BLADDER AND PROSTATIC DISEASES.

FIT BEST REFERENCE IS, NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED

DR. HERRICK MEDICAL CO.
37 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.
Consultation Free.
Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 to 1 only.

DR. HERRICK MEDICAL CO. 37 Tremont St. Boston, Mass.

DR. LOUGEST

The Most Reliable and Only True Specialist in Boston CURES

MEN Lost Manhood, Seminal Weakness, Effects of Youthful Indiscretions, Nervous Debility, Sleeplessness, Pimples, Failing Sex, Loss of Memory and Energy, Impotence, Rheumatic Pains, Discharges and all Private Diseases. Blood Poison, Ulcers, Stricture, Varicocele and diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Blood.

Fitted with double telescope cervical lenses, made of lacquered brass and nickel plated, handsomely designed, with metal prongs connecting the lenses, which are fitted in colored disks. Given free for 2 dozen cakes of our Pure Olive Oil Soap at 10c. a cake. Send us your name and address, we will send you the cake of soap, and when you return cash money and we will send the Magic Lantern complete with slides. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. FRIEND SOAP & SUPPLY CO., 84-86 Portland St., Dept. 32, Boston, Mass.

Big Magic LANTERN FREE

60 Colored Pictures Given With Each Lantern

Best Thing Known for Evening Amusements

TRADE BIG MARK

CURES MEN & WOMEN

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS

PRICE

I KNOW I have cured more diseases and weaknesses of men than any other doctor in Boston—and that is the strongest statement I can make or need to make. Anyone else who makes such a statement isn't truthful—there can only be one great. DR. LOUGEST.

CALL OR WRITE at once if you want to get well quickly, and if you want your cure to last. I cure to stay cured—I cure in the least possible time.

I am the only Specialist in Boston who forcibles medicines free to patients.

VARICOCELE relieved with one application of my treatment and cured in 30 days.

MANHOOD RESTORED in 20 days by my method. Nervousness, lost power, etc.

STRICTURE My seven-day stricture treatment is a wonderful advancement—the talk of the profession.

PROSTATITIS or inflamed prostate gland, causing bladder and kidney ailments, undermining the vigor and sapping the manhood of its victim, relieved immediately and cured in a short time.

BLOOD POISON with copper-colored patches, sore mouth and throat, swollen glands, rheumatic pains, swollen glands, ulcers, falling hair, and all the consequences of this dreadful disease, cured forever by my system of quick-acting medication—showing results in a few days. The cure begins at once, as soon as you undertake to follow my directions.

MEN I can do away with undevelopment and make you strong, vigorous and manly, fully competent for happy marriage.

Consultation Free

either by mail or at Dr. Lougest's office, 313 Columbus avenue, corner of Rutland street, Boston. Write for Dr. Lougest's Book, "Diseases and Weaknesses of Men." It is the only recognized authority upon diseases and weaknesses of men.

IMPORTANT: Owing to my greatly increased practice, I have associated with myself two of the most celebrated medical experts, whose fame surpasses the entire continent of Europe. Men, if you are going to spend time and money, do you not want the surest and best? Call at once—there is no time to lose to have proper treatment.

Hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays included.

Remember the number, 313 Columbus av.

313 DR. LOUGEST COLUMBUS AVENUE BOSTON, MASS. Near Back Bay Station.

Boston American WOMAN'S Home Magazine

PRIZE INAUGURAL HAT CREATED FOR MRS. ROOSEVELT

The pictures give two views—side and back—of the prize hat created by a fair Western milliner for Mrs. Roosevelt to wear at the inaugural. The feature is the wonderful shirring, so fine that it resembles the most delicate moss.

HERE is the photograph and a description of a hat which was made for covering that might be worn by Mrs. Roosevelt to wear at the inauguration. It was designed and made dreds of hats were sent to that publication by Miss Emma Martindale, of La Porte, Ind., and has taken the $50 prize which was offered by the Illustrated which passed upon them voted that raised slightly on a bandeau in the Milliner for the most suitable head Miss Martindale's design was the most back to tip it forward over the face.

The foundation of the hat is white taffeta, covered with cream muline, so finely shirred as to give it the appearance of delicate moss or fine fur.

The edges of the coronet and brim of the hat are bound with rich black velvet. The crown is decorated at intervals with medallions of fine horsehair braid, with Tuscan dots centred with three tiny rosebuds in a delicate shade of pink, encased in cream-colored mulline. The back is draped with a quantity of the finest Chantilly lace, caught up with a handsome ornament.

The Professor at the Beauty Table

IN color and texture, the skin of the hand is only secondary in importance to that of the face, and owing to the hard usage to which it is often exposed, constant care is required to keep it in good condition.

Extremes of temperature should be avoided, especially splashing the hands in hot and cold water alternately.

Never "just rinse" your hands, as it only serves to grind the dirt in, and make the hands rough, coarse and red. They should be washed thoroughly in tepid or warm water, and if the water isn't soft, ammonia or powdered borax should be used.

DEAR PROFESSOR:
My hands are very rough and red. What should I do to soften and whiten them? ANNA W.

I RECOMMEND a preparation made as follows: Two ounces each of glycerine, bay rum and lemon juice. Apply after bathing the hands night and morning and allow it to dry on the skin.

DEAR PROFESSOR:
My scalp is very dry all the time, and my hair is beginning to fall out. What should I do? M. A. M. Charlestown.

YOU are doubtless anaemic, and to this condition of your blood may be attributed the cause of the trouble with your scalp and hair. An impoverished condition of the blood very often has much to do with falling hair and a flaky scalp. The following formula is good for this dryness of the scalp:

Fluoric acid, 2 grams; tincture of zinc vomica, 7½ grams; tincture of red cinchona, 30 grams; tincture of cantharides, 2 grams; eucalyptus, 120 grams; sweet almond oil, 60 grams. Apply to the root of the hair with a soft sponge once or twice a day.

The above below is especially good for dry hair. I would advise also a constitutional remedy, which it is always best to have prescribed by a physician after he has made a thorough examination of one's symptoms.

DEAR PROFESSOR:
A friend of mine in another town where I visited last Summer had a face wash that she made in some way out of cucumbers. It was excellent, and I wish, if you can, that you would tell me what it is and how to make it.
ALICE W. F.

THE wash to which you refer is called simply cucumber cream. It is made by cutting a long cucumber in fine pieces and steeping them in a pint and a half of water for fifteen or twenty minutes, or until there is about a teacupful of the liquid. Strain and add one teaspoonful of borax and five drops of tincture of benzoin. Apply to the face as you would any face wash.

DEAR PROFESSOR:
I have two spots on my face that every one tells me are liver spots. They are very prominent, and I do wish you would come to the rescue of a worried girl and tell me what is best to do to get rid of them.
MARY R. F.

NOTHING that I know of is more effectual for removing liver spots from the face than the juice of half a lemon taken in hot water before breakfast. Besides this, eat a great deal of spinach, without vinegar, for a week or ten days, and I think that by the end of that time you will have attained beneficial results.

First Aid To The Lovelorn

EDITOR WOMAN'S PAGE:
I have been acquainted with a young lady for about five months. I have visited her occasionally, and she seems to care a great deal for me. Recently I visited her on a Saturday, and she requested me to call Sunday also, but I had a club meeting to attend that day and told her so, but promised to call the following Saturday, which I did. She is inclined to be very jealous, thinking I don't belong to any clubs, but paying attention to some one else. She has also insisted that I call twice a week, besides Saturday and Sunday, also to resign from the clubs, for which I see no reason whatever. Kindly advise me what to do. I am thinking of giving her up. F. N. W.

FRANK she is rather unreasonable, but she evidently is very fond of you. Don't accede to all her demands, or she will think you are too easily managed. If you give up 165 many things for her you will begin to think she is not worth the sacrifice. It never pays for one side to give up too much.

EDITOR WOMAN'S PAGE:
I am a young lady, seventeen years old, and until the past two months have kept company with a young gentleman of eighteen. Through my fault we quarreled and separated. I dearly loved this young man and would give anything to get him to keep on with his love, as I have reason to believe he loved me.
Taunton. HEART-BROKEN.

A you were in the wrong it is your place to write to the young man and tell him so. But if I were in your place I would not do anything about it. Be perfectly cured for you he will come back again, and if he may be that a few months from now you will have ceased to think of him.

EDITOR WOMAN'S PAGE:
I know a young lady, seventeen years old, and until the past two months have kept company with a young gentleman of eighteen. Through my fault we quarreled and separated. I dearly loved this young man and would give anything to get him to keep on with his love, as I have reason to believe he loved me.
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How a Boston Girl Jilted a Nobleman Almost at the Altar

Society Gasps in Amazement at Sensation.

By Eleanor Ames.

BECAUSE, almost on the eve of her marriage to an Austrian nobleman, a Boston girl, conscious of a change of heart, had the courage to end her engagement and send her former fiance a bridoless to his home across the Atlantic, society gasps with amazement.

ELEANOR AMES.

And yet, had the wedding been celebrated and the separation a later event society would have said simply, "I told you so. We all expected it."

Few American girls, ambitious of social position and prestige, can resist the opportunity to play the rôle of blushing bride in a brilliant international match, but Alethea Thorne is something of a heroine just the same.

There is something irresistible about military pomp and ceremony. When you dress a nobleman in the gold lace of the army or navy, you are preparing deadly ammunition with which to lay siege to a maiden's heart.

Upon the fact that pretty Nina Trombley Jones, just out of school, enthusiastic with the freshness of youth, impressionable and inexperienced, fell victim to Cupid's darts when aimed by Captain Arthur Kamler, of the Austrian army, whose title was "Edler von Stassburg," is not surprising. The title has a certain mysterious sound, quite different from plain Count or Duke, and the possessor of it arrayed in his regimentals, came up to every requirement of a military hero of romance.

At Carlsbad, where the twain first met, he was distinctively impressive and gaud. His manners were courtly. His smile spoke volumes. His devotion was flattering.

It is not the slightest wonder that he fell in love with the charming, vivacious, independent American girl, who, besides her own wealth and position, counts among her kinspeople both the Vanderbilts and the Twombleys.

Nor is it strange that she returned the love and devotion lavished upon her and that her heart capitulated.

Across the Atlantic the love she felt for him knew no lessening. In the conservative atmosphere of the Back Bay it suffered no chill. She accepted good wishes with blushing pride and pleasure.

She was sure that her noble Austrian captain was the best and finest and most adorable man in the world. She cared naught for society, for he was not here. To please him she renounced her own religious faith and accepted his.

Her life was divided into spaces, of which his letters were the boundaries. Other men came and went before her like mere figures in a panorama.

Then the wedding day was fixed. No girl ever found more exquisite joy in planning for her wedding. Her gowns were chosen with the women and hope that he would like them. Letters flew back and forth across the ocean, and the day approached when the bridegroom was coming to claim his bride.

Then, while when he sailed, and then the days of waiting, while all the thoughts

What's Your Favorite Recipe for Eggs?

"EGWARD the Star of Eraspire Takes Its Way."

These may not be the exact words of dear old Bishop Berkeley, but they state an exact fact.

It has been said that the pen was mightier than the sword. This may do for lovers of pork, but, tush! tush! The COOP is mightier than either.

What would life be without the egg? It wouldn't be. Give us eggs or give us death.

The egg can be eaten raw or cooked, that's where it differs from roast beef. Raw, there is only one way to eat it. Break the shell and swallow it. RUT there are probably several billion ways of cooking eggs.

Do you know the best way?

Just write out the most appetizing way to cook eggs you know, and mail it to Egg Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN, 82 Summer street, Boston."

If your recipe is one of the five best received before Sunday, March 5, you'll get a beautiful cut glass tabasco bottle, cruet, set, consisting of one sipper, or most. Any particular flavor may be given to this dish, such as that of mushrooms, truffles, catsup, etc., or some shred anchovy may be added to the mince.

MRS. F. R. MCCULLOUGH,
No. 15 Lincoln court, Lynn, Mass.

Chicken Omelet

Mince fine one cupful of cooked chicken, warm in a teacupful of milk, a tablespoonful of butter, salt and pepper; thicken with a large tablespoonful of flour; make a plain omelet, then add this mixture just before turning it over. This is much better than the dry minced chicken.

MRS. ELLA E. KING,
No. 62 Norfolk street, Cambridge.

Minced Eggs

Chop up four or five hard boiled eggs; add one cup of cream, a tablespoonful of butter, salt and pepper and some savory chopped small; when this comes to a boil stir in a tablespoonful of flour dissolved in a little cold milk. When it cooks thick, like cream, put in the eggs. Stir gently around for a few moments and serve garnished with slices of toasted bread.

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Then, while when he sailed, and then the days of waiting, while all the thoughts

Because She Didn't Love Him She Spurned Him.

of the pretty Boston girl were centred on one noble, manly figure on a certain ship that was steaming steadily nearer American shores.

Just ten days before wedding bells were to chime Captain Arthur Kamler reached his bride's home. He greeted the girl ardently, but was soon to make his bride with tender passion. He had brought her rare bridal gifts.

He was freighted with loving messages from his family and friends, who awaited with outstretched hands to welcome her.

But in an instant her heart grew cold. The separation had wrought a change. She could not explain it, but she knew the core of her attitude. She no longer loved the noble Austrian captain. And because she did not love him she would not marry him.

Captain Arthur Kamler at Carlsbad in all the gorgeous glitter of his noble military trappings, and Captain Arthur Kamler in citizen's dress set down in Boston were not the same people.

The former wooed her. The latter could not woo her. He was cowed by heart-broken, astounded. He refused to believe his ears.

Maternal argument, brotherly advice, sisterly urging, could not change the situation.

It was finally borne in upon them all that she was deeply earnest. Chagrined and disappointed, the Captain sailed back across the wide seas. Expectations followed and wedding cards were recalled.

And society babbles and gabbles and wonders. Instead it should rise up and honor the girl for her courage and honesty.

Nina Trombley Jones stands as an example to be taken seriously by other American girls. She had the good sense to know her own mind in time.

She stopped at the altar instead of the divorce court, which is a wise and honorable step. ELEANOR AMES.

Scalloped Eggs

Take six hard boiled eggs, cut in slices and set aside. One cup of dried bread, soaked in a cool water, moistened with gravy and a little milk or cream. Add a half cup of cold gravy chopped fine, when has been beaten the yolk of one egg one cup chopped meat, pepper and salt; mix all well together excepting the sliced egg, and when mixed put a layer of the bread crumbs in a deep buttered dish, then a layer of the meat, then a layer of egg slice in melted butter, then another layer of bread crumbs until the dish is filled, last sprinkle the breadcrumbs and cover with pieces of butter. Bake in the oven, turn the plate and brown the top.

MRS. C. A. RAMSTROM,
No. 126 Garden street, Auburn, R. I.

Eggs Nests

Beat whites of four eggs stiff and season with salt. Toast four slices of bread; dip quickly in hot water and spread lightly with butter. Put the whites on toast in shape of little nests; place a yolk in center of each and bake three minutes.

MRS. N. W. BENNER,
No. 55 Nichols street, Lewiston, Me.

BOSTON AMERICAN DAILY SHORT STORY

Paul the Pierrot

"IT is nothing short of scandalous," Mr. Polster remarked, conveying a slice of buttered toast to his mouth.

"Outrageous," added Mrs. Polster, wiping her fat, ring-covered fingers on her serviette. "And you ought to know better, Dolly," turning to her daughter, who sat with her untouched breakfast before her.

"He's not common," Dolly expostulated with a shrug [illegible] "He's a gentleman in the bench."

"Of course, [illegible] "Of course."

Well, if he has not got a black face I dare say he's a black heart," Mrs. Polster put in. "A mere adventurer, flirting with any and every girl that makes eyes at him, and—"

"Oh, mother!" from Dolly, whose face usually so pale, was suffused with a crimson wave.

A good cry brought no relief to Dolly's agitated mind, for she loved Paul Brantome. "Paul the Pierrot," as he was known locally to the children and visitors.

He was a tall, well-built young chap with fair curly hair, and an honest, open face, set with eyes as blue as the Summer sky. And if his occupation during the jolly summer had not affected more than now suddenly heart, it was certain his video would have done, for he was a sweet singer, whose repertoire of songs was made up of the highly sentimental.

Dolly was quite unwilling that he should fall in love with any society Pierrot, and would fall in love with him, and she was a beautiful girl with a charm of manner not usually associated with one of pleb'an extraction.

On the following afternoon Sondleigh rang with a great sensation. Paul the Pierrot had suddenly left, but that was not all. Mrs. Sanderson, who had been staying at the Pier Hotel, had left, too, and with him.

They had eloped together.

Mrs. Polster was the first to carry the news to her husband and daughter.

"I don't believe it," was the first remark. "It's a lie, a scandalous lie, a plot!"

"But, my dear child," said her husband, "they were seen at the station together. And Mrs. Saunderson is reputed to be a very wealthy woman. Indeed, it is reported that Saunderson isn't her name at all, that she is a lady of title."

"I don't believe it," said Dolly again, but she broke down and buried her head in her arms.

Four days elapsed, during which Sondleigh talked of nothing else but the elopement, but on the fourth day it was provided with another topic, or rather a new development of the case. Dorothy Polster had disappeared.

She had walked out of the house on the previous evening and had never returned. Those who knew all the facts of the case linked it astride. Paul had deceived her, and she had sought solace in death.

Dolly's parents were distraught. Search was made everywhere, but without avail. A day passed, and there came up on the second day there arrived for Mr. Polster a telegram.

"Have married Paul," it ran. "We are going to see you. DOLLY."

Two hours later a carriage drove up to the shop.

"You stay there, darling," said Paul, alighting, "and I'll see your father."

He entered the shop, and handed his card to the assistant behind the counter.

"Yes, my lord," said the young man, reading the card, as he hurried away.

"Gentleman for Mr. Polster," he said, handing the card to his master.

"Lord Harbrooke," she read. "Joseph! Dear me, what a man he is, to be sure! I must apologize for leaving him so boddenly waiting," and she looked in the glass, twisting a curl here and a curl there.

Then she entered the shop, and said, "Lord Harbrooke, I believe," she said, courtesying, "and husband. Why! no, the disguised Paul, and turned with severe fortification to the assistant—"I thought you said Lord Harbrooke."

Dolly lifted his hat. There was a smile in shape of little nests; place a yolk in center of each and bake three minutes.

"And my daughter?" asked Mrs. Polster, her good husband being too astonished to speak.

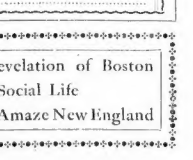
"Lady Harbrooke is waiting in the carriage," he answered.

Of the explanations that ensued it is only necessary to say that Lord Harbrooke had masqueraded as a Pierrot just out of fun, that some of his companions had dressed of his real identity, and that his lordship was second husband of Mrs. Saunderson, had discovered him quite by accident, and, learning of his engagement to Dolly Polster, had insisted on his breaking it off before returning with her to Paris.

But my lord had prevailed upon his mother to change her mind, a fact he did not find so difficult when he explained to her how deceived Dolly was to him without knowing who he really was. A letter to Dolly, a special license, and the wedding was followed by a honeymoon.

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

A Party Frock for Miss Dainty



No. 2,789—It is not sufficient that the mother should have a pretty gown for gay occasions, but Miss Dainty must own one, too. It must be not only simple and becoming, but also as the latest mode. The secret of her these children's dresses are so exquisite and neat that the fashioning of the little gowns is their delight. The frock here shown is one to which can be easily made, and is not at all costly in lace and lace, being of as desired. White sash ribbon, null or buttonhole are all desirable accessories. For the medium size 5¾ yards of 36-inch material are necessary.

Pattern No. 2,789—Five sizes, from 4 to 12 years.

Send 10 cents to obtain this pattern, postpaid, and the size, name and address to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 230, Boston, Mass.

2789

No. 2,789.

SIZE.....

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

...w Than
... of Graustark"
...y Than "The
... Holmes."

"Scarlet Lies"

BEGINS IN TO-MORROW'S BOSTON AMERICAN

The Romance of the Century

And a Revelation of Boston Social Life That Will Amaze New England

CONCERT FOR CHURCH RIVALS OPERA OPENING

Many Noted Patronesses of Affair to Be Held in Chickering Hall Monday Night.

Although most of the Boston set will be at the First Night of the opera, Monday evening, many will attend the benefit concert that is being given in Chickering Hall for the Church of the Good Shepherd. The artists include some of the best known in Boston and the concert promises to be one of merit.

The list of patronesses for the affair is a long and representative one and includes Mrs. Henry Parker Quincy, Mrs. Longfellow Wolcott, Mrs. J. Montgomery Sears, Mrs. Robert C. Hooper, Mrs. J. Grafton Minot, Mrs. George Lee, Mrs. Robert G. Shaw, Mrs. S. V. R. Crosby, Mrs. H. S. Hunnewell, Mrs. Langdon Frothingham, Mrs. L. Curtenet Fenno, Mrs. H. H. Dunbar, Mrs. James Lowell Putnam, Mrs. Oscar Haigh, Mrs. Thaddeus Attaway, Mrs. Richard M. Saltonstall, Mrs. Edward H. Brandegee, Mrs. William Endicott, Jr., and Mrs. Guy Lowell, Mrs. W. E. Sturgis and others.

Mrs. J. Fred Schenck and her daughter, Miss Aleid Schenck, who have been making their Winter home at Valley Road, Brookline, have gone into town and are comfortably located for the remainder of the Winter on Beacon street. They had a short time ago Mr. Schenck, who died a short time ago. They have come to Boston to be with Mrs. Wm. H. B. Bacon, who is Mrs. Schenck's sister.

* * *

Mrs. Frederick Ellis and Miss Mildred Lewis, of Framingham, have left for Scottsdale, where they will pass the month of March with their aunt, Mrs. John L. Wilson. Mrs. A. S. Lewis, also of Framingham, is travelling in southern Europe and will not return until late in the Spring. All these people are well known in the Boston set, especially Mrs. Ellis and Miss Lewis, who are regular attendants at affairs here during the Winter.

* * *

T. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr., has just received from abroad a valuable collection of paintings which he purchased during his recent trip to England. Some of these are valued highly and are the work of the noted masters on the other side. Some more paintings are to be received in further decorating of them will be sent to his city home and a number will be sent to the "Marble Palace" at Coolidge's Point on the North Shore. The "Marble Palace" is rapidly nearing completing and will soon be ready for occupancy. It will be one of the most beautiful and costly of the North Shore cottages.

* * *

The Gardner M. Lanes, of No. 341 Beacon street, whose shore place is at Manchester on the North Shore is one of the most beautiful of the Summer homes there, have taken up with the auto, and in spite of their fondness for horses and smart turnouts will have a number of machines next summer. Work has just been started on the erection of a garage at their Manchester place. They are also having their stables enlarged, which means that they will not give up the horse for the auto entirely.

* * *

Mrs. Gardiner H. Williams, of Longwood avenue, Brookline, has sailed for Genoa and Naples, where she will spend the next two months. She is also planning to take a trip into Egypt.

* * *

Mrs. Alex. McDowell and Miss Virginia McDowell, of Brookline, are reported in the Kirkwood at Cairo, E. C. where they will be until the first of April.

DAVIS HELD FOR INQUIRY IN HART CASE

PROVIDENCE, March 3.—A man who gives his name as Malcolm Davis is held by the Providence police in the hope that he may throw some light on the murder of John A. Hart on the Joy line steamer Larchmont, February 19. Davis is held on a technical charge of carrying concealed weapons. He is to be arraigned in court to-day, and if possible will be held till an investigation can be made.

The Providence police said to-day that they had established, through the man's own statements, that he was on the Larchmont the night of the murder. He said he occupied stateroom 45, but refused to say under what name he registered. The steamship records show that room 45 was occupied by a man who gave his name as Harris.

Davis has been identified by Purser Thornton and R. F. Dickerson as a man they had seen on the steamer, but they were unable to tell what room he had.

Captain Murray has had Davis under surveillance for several days. He kept an eye on the passengers, having learned that a man answering Davis's description was trying to dispose of small articles of jewelry. He was taken while trying to pawn a pearl stud and a diamond ring.

When first arrested Davis gave several fictitious names, but finally declared that Davis was the right one. He protests ignorance in regard to the murder, and declares that he had no knowledge of Hart. Pawn tickets were found on him for Baltimore, Baltimore and New York pawnshops.

The inquest on the murder is in progress to-day, and it is possible that Davis may be called upon to testify to his actions on the Larchmont.

SNUB LASTED 6,000 MILES

SAN FRANCISCO, March 3.—"I was snubbed all the way from Manila by the wives and daughters of United States army officers, and I am going to see Secretary Morton about it and get an apology if it costs my last dollar," says Mrs. J. M. Costello, wife of a government employe at Cavite, who has just arrived here from the Philippines with her little son on the transport Sheridan.

She says she had no sooner settled herself for the long journey home than she was told social distinctions would bar her from the privileges of the saloon deck, and Lieutenant J. J. Knapp, executive officer of the vessel, told her she must be complained that she could not trespass beyond a certain line on the after deck.

DIAMOND CHARM FOR WELL-KNOWN PRIEST

A Knights of Columbus charm, studded with diamonds, was presented to Rev. William H. Grant, spiritual director of St. Vincent's Holy Name Club of South Boston at the annual banquet held at the Quincy House. James P. Breunan made the presentation speech and Father Grant made a feeling response.

MOODY OPENS ATTACK ON BEEF TRUST

Sends Circular Letter to U. S. District Attorneys of the Country.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The fight against the Beef Trust by the United States Government has been started by Attorney-General Moody in a circular letter sent to United States District Attorneys throughout the country urging them to secure evidence and witnesses and report at once.

The letter says:

"A special grand jury will meet at Chicago, Ill., on March 20, 1905, to hear evidence against the alleged Beef Trust. You are instructed to make diligent inquiry in your district and obtain whatever evidence you can, tending to show that the producers of fresh or cured meats have entered into a combination in violation of the Federal anti-trust act.

"Report the results of your inquiry at the earliest possible date, and not later than March 15, 1905, to S. H. Bethea, Esq., United States attorney, Chicago, Ill. This report should contain at least the names and addresses of prospective witnesses, and a short statement of what each will testify to."

It is intimated here to-night that Attorney Bethea, at Chicago, has now in hand a list of more than 200 witnesses who were obtained by means of the circular of the Attorney-General.

It is not generally known that Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, Attorney-General Moody and the President, and Attorney Heney of California, who conducted the land fraud cases in Oregon, have been conferring here, and it is more than hinted that a matter of grave national importance will be considered by the District of Columbia grand jury at the special session to-day.

SOCIETY WOMEN LOSE $20,000

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Mrs. George B. Mumford, of No. 52 East Eighty-first street, reported to the First Eighty-first street station police that she had lost $10,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry last night during the night.

The theft of a $10,000 pearl breastpin from a society woman, whose office $500 reward for it through the East Eighty-first agency, was reported to the East Eighty-eighth Street police station. The name of the woman could not be learned by the police, but it is stated that she is a wealthy resident of the Fifth avenue district, and that the jewels were stolen from her while she was attending a reception function on the evening of February 18.

The story of an octogenarian millionaire who married a young woman to outwit his scheming relatives, and now woos his bride by telephone, is told in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

SULTAN'S DAUGHTER WEDS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 3.—The daughter of the Sultan of Turkey, Princess Nailieh Sultenia, was married to Ong Yildiz Kiosk to Hikmet Bey, a son of the Turkish Minister of Justice.

VERY FEW PEOPLE

Are Free From Some Form of Indigestion.

Very few people are free from some form of indigestion, but scarcely two will have the same symptoms.

Some suffer most directly after eating, bloating from gas in stomach and bowels, others have heartburn or sour risings, still others have palpitation of heart, headaches, sleeplessness, pains in chest and under shoulder blades, some have extreme nervousness, as in nervous dyspepsia.

But whatever the symptoms may be, the cause in all cases of indigestion is the same: that is, the stomach for some reason fails to properly and promptly digest what is eaten.

This is the whole story of stomach troubles in a nutshell. The stomach must have rest and assistance, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets give it both by supplying those natural digestives which every weak stomach lacks, owing to the failure of the peptic glands in the stomach to secrete sufficient acid and pepsin to thoroughly digest and assimilate the food eaten.

One grain of the active principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3,000 grains of meat, eggs or other wholesome food, and this claim has been proven by actual experiment, which anyone can perform for himself in the following manner: Cut a hard boiled egg into very small pieces, as it would be if masticated; place the egg and two or three of the tablets in a bottle or jar containing warm water heated to 98 degrees (the temperature of the body) and keep it at this temperature for three and one-half hours, at the end of which time the egg will be as completely digested as if would have been in the healthy stomach of a hungry boy.

The point of this experiment is that what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will do to the egg in the bottle they will do to the egg or meal in the stomach, and nothing else will rest and invigorate the stomach so safely and effectually. Even a little child can take Stuart's Tablets with safety and benefit if its digestion is weak, and the thousands of cures accomplished by their regular daily use are easily explained when it is understood that they are composed of vegetable essences, aseptic pepsin, diastase and Golden Seal, which mingle with the food and digest it thoroughly, giving the overworked stomach a chance to recuperate.

Dieting never cures Dyspepsia, neither do pills and cathartic medicines, which simply irritate and inflame the intestines.

When enough food is eaten and promptly digested there will be no constipation, nor in fact will there be disease of any kind, because good digestion means good health in every organ.

The merit and success of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are world wide, and they are sold at the moderate price of 50 cents for full sized package in every drug store in the United States and Canada, as well as in Europe.

R. H. WHITE CO.

Astounding Bargains in Men's Suits and Overcoats

To men who are in the habit of buying their clothes here it is unnecessary to speak of quality, but for the benefit of those who do not we will say our clothing comes from the best manufacturers in America, whose standard of fabric and tailoring is the same as that of custom tailors. Their clothes are designed in a way that assures their accurate fit and the retaining of their style and good looks to the end.

Here Are Bona Fide Savings Up to Half

Men's Fine $10.00 and $12.50 Suits, Reduced to $5.00
Plain Black Thibet, in fancy mixtures, in neat patterns, some designed for severe service, others of finer finish and more dressy effect, hundreds of patterns to choose from, and instead of paying 10.00 or 12.50, you buy now at the reduced price of..... 5.00

Men's Fine $12.50 and $15.00 Suits for $7.50
Of fancy mixture and plain Black Thibet, representing the season's rarest tailoring features, and huge prices were far below what such good ready-to-wear suits could be obtained for elsewhere. Now mark them down to..... 7.50

15.00 AND 18.00 SUITS FOR 9.75—Of black thibets, fancy cheviots, double twist materials, and in Scotch effects, in our plaids and mixtures, single and double breasted, regular 15.00 and 18.00 suits, now reduced to..... 9.75

20.00 TUXEDO COAT AND VEST FOR 12.50—Made of black cheviot, the very newest materials, excellent quality silk facings. Former price 20.00 each. Your choice now, while they last, at..... 12.50

FANCY VESTS, WORTH UP TO 3.00, FOR 1.69—There are all styles in the collection, but the majority of them are neat effects in true blue, red and white designs. Former prices 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00 each. Choose while they last, at..... 1.69

Men's Trousers marked from 2.00..... 1.59
Men's Trousers marked from 3.00..... 1.98
Men's Trousers marked from 4.00..... 2.98
Men's Trousers marked from 5.00..... 3.50

Young Men's $10.00 and $12.00 Overcoats for $5.00
Of plain colors, medium length; also belt coats of fancy cheviots, in sizes up to 36. Value 10.00 and 12.50 each. Marked down now to only..... 5.00

GREAT COATS REDUCED TO 9.75—Former prices 12.50 and 15.00. They are in all the season's popular fabrics of fancy cheviots, oxford or black, with or without belt, also medium length coats up to 46 stout. Choose now, at..... 9.75

15.00 RAIN COATS FOR 9.65—Of neat, fancy pattern, may be worn equally well in rain or shine, many wear them for spring top coats; better than you can ordinarily buy for 15.00. Our price now only..... 9.65

Traveling Men's Samples of Men's Spring and Summer Shirts

Of the Famous "Griffon" Brand

An Instance of Value Giving Very Few Men Have Ever Seen Equalled in Shirts

This brand of Men's Shirts is recognized as one of the very best, particularly as regards cut and fit. They are especially noted for high-grade shirts and retail for $1.50, $2.00 and $1.50 each—also for novelties in beautiful patterns and colorings. These are picked garments, of course, as all samples are. In the lot are Anderson and Lorraine madras, fine imported cheviots, French percales, mohairs, &c., in fact, every high class fabric is represented. This is one of the exceptional opportunities our Furnishing Dept. offers to the men of Boston.

To facilitate the selling we have put them in two lots, one of the $1.50 to $2.00 grades, for

98c

Another lot of the $2.50 to $3.50 grades, for

1.25

Not all sizes in all styles, but all sizes in some styles.

Other Bargains in Shirts and Night Shirts Neckwear and Suspenders

Laundered Percale Shirts 25c A leading manufacturer took our offer on all his laundered Percale Shirts with separate cuffs, and we offer them at a little over the cost of laundering them. All 50c. and 75c. values for..... 25c

Negligee Shirts 49c We have put out six new styles in soft bosom Percale and Cheviot Shirts, also in White Matalasse and Cheviots; most of them have separate cuffs, and are 75c. values, all at..... 49c

Night Shirts 48c 100 dozen Night Shirts, made of Langdon cotton, fully trimmed on collar and front. All sizes, 14 to 18, for a limited sale. 65c values for..... 48c

Negligee Shirts 69c A lot of Blue and Grey Heavy Matalasse Cheviot Shirts, with soft bosoms, in styles light and dark madras and jacquard cheviot and madras, all purchased from one of the best makers in this country. His $1.00 and $1.25 shirts for..... 69c

Men's Neckwear 25c Just a special lot of 500 four-in-hands, a noteworthy example of the bargains we are showing. These at..... 25c

Suspenders 25c Made of the best linle web in all the good colors, both brass and nickel buckles. They are the 50c kind—no question of the value..... 25c

Men's Half Hose and Underwear

Marked at so low a price that no man should hesitate whether his needs are pressing or not. It's a better chance to buy for the future than the future is likely to reveal.

Men's Underwear at 75c.
Extra fine natural and white medium weight merino shirts and drawers, nearly half wool and made in first-class style, all sizes to 50. Saturday's price only 75c each..... 75c

Men's Underwear at 1.00.
The celebrated Norfolk and New Brunswick medium weight merino underwear, colors natural and white, shirts silk fronts. These garments are ½ wool and steam shrunk. Price..... 1.00

Men's Underwear at 50c.
Men's natural and white fine medium weight merino shirts and drawers. This special line is equal in style and finish to any 75c garment in the city. We offer it Saturday at 50c per piece..... 50c

Men's 25c Hose 15c.
These are imported medium weight black cotton hose and men's fancy cotton hose in the latest patterns, value 25c a pair, for 15c
MEN'S FINE CASHMERE HOSE, in black and tan, reduced from 25c a pair to..... 19c

Men's Hose at 17c.
JUST 100 DOZ. FOR SATURDAY of our men's 25c black cotton hose, split sole, maco foot, will be offered at 17c pair, or 3 pairs 50c, but not over half dozen pairs to one customer..... 17c

Men's Hose at 25c and 50c.
OUR SPRING IMPORTATION of men's fancy half hose—you never saw such a fine collection. Now is the time to secure your future wants when our stock is fresh and assortments complete..... 25c and 50c

LOWNEY'S
COCOA
is distinguished from *all others* by its full flavor, delicious quality and absolute *purity*.
The Walter M. Lowney Co.,
BOSTON, MASS.
P. S. The Lowney Receipt Book sent FREE.

SMITH'S RESTAURANT
50 TEMPLE PLACE
Our Voting Contest is becoming very interesting. The four most popular employees in Boston get each a Box Bouquet of 36 roses free. Come and Vote for Your Friends

AMUSEMENTS.

MAJESTIC THEATRE Mats. Wed. & Sat.
TONIGHT—ONLY 3 MORE TIMES
DE WOLF HOPPER
IN THE MERRY MUSICAL
WANG
NEXT WEEK NEXT WEEK
F. C. WHITNEY'S "Musical Cocktail"
Try The Laugh Cure Now Selling
PIFF PAFF POUF
And Away Will Go Your Cares

COLONIAL THEATRE
Chas. Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs.
LAST WEEK.
CHARLES FROHMAN presents
CHARLES WYNDHAM—MARY MOORE
AND THEIR LONDON COMPANY.
Evenings at 8.15. Matinees Saturday at 2.15.
Tonight and sat. night, The Case of Rebellious Susan
Sat. Mat., "David Garrick." Miss Mary Moore in her original part Ada Ingot.
Next 6 ELEANOR ROBSON in MERRELY MARY ANN
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

BURLESQUE SMOKING TOBACCO 5 CENTS PER PLUG 25 CENTS PER HALF POUND
COLUMBIA
Little Joyce's Own Burlesquers

MOTOR
The National Magazine of Motoring

Everyone Interested in Motoring

should secure a copy of the great February issue of MOTOR—on sale on all news stands. It contains a complete account, illustrated, of the two great Automobile Shows in New York City; and also contains the pictures of the 1905 models of all kinds of motor cars exhibited in the various Automobile Shows during the present year, together with complete specifications of each car. MOTOR takes up the field of motoring in bright, snappy, interesting articles, splendidly illustrated, on motor-car and motor-boat racing, touring here and abroad, the pleasures, the fact and the fiction of motoring of all kinds—motor-car construction, how to care for motor cars, how to overcome difficulties, etc.

MOTOR is essential to every motor car user and to every one interested in motoring.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON THEATRE
LAWRENCE McCARTY.... Lessee and Mgr.
High-Class Attractions at Fair Prices.
25-35-50-75 ALL ORCHESTRA 1.00
LAST 2 DAYS
QUINCY ADAMS SAWYER
The Best New England Play Ever Written.
ALL THE OLD FAVORITES.
BIG PRODUCTION.
LAST MAT. SAT.
SUNDAY NIGHT—BIG CONCERT
Number One Show at Lowest Prices 25 & 50c
SINGLE TICKET SALE FOR
GRAND OPERA
Now Open, 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Mon., Eve., Mar. 6..... Louis de Lamoureux
Mon., Eve., Mar. 13..... Pardiac
Wed. Eve., Mar. 8, Double Bill..... Pardiac
Cavalleria Rusticana and Pagliacci
Thurs. Mat., Mar. 9..... Faust
Thurs. Eve., Mar. 9..... Pardiac
Fri. Eve., Mar. 10..... Lohengrin
Sat. Mat., Mar. 11..... Les Huguenots
Sat. Eve., Mar. 11..... Pardiac
PRICES PARQUET $10, $7, $5, $3.50, $2
OTHER OPERAS $5, $3, $2, $1.

Albert Chevalier
The Famous English Character Comedian in the Farcical Satire of a Great Metropolis
KEITH'S This Week.
The Others:
The Dumonds Quinlan and Mack The Huntings Mr. and Mrs. Fisher Lawrence Crane Meakin-Lawrence Trio Lee Chick
Techow's Cats Rice and Prevos: John Hart The Fraser Trio Dailey and Mendell Lorraine and Gandy Hoyt and Waller
New List of Biograph Pictures
Next Week—Exhibition of Jiu Jitsu.

TREMONT THEATRE
Ev'gs at 8. Mat. To-morrow at 2
THIS WEEK ONLY
Reappearance of Mr. E. S.
WILLARD
IN THE BRIGHTER SIDE
Drama of Irresolution by Louis N. Parker of Le Chercheur de Bonheur.
MARCH 6—LAST WEEK OF MR. WILLARD
Mats. & Tues. Eves. & Wed. Mat. THE MIDDLEMAN, by Jerome K. Jerome and W. Wed. Eve. DAVID GARRICK, by T. W. Robertson. Thurs. Eve. and Sat. Mat. THE PROFLIGATE, by Alfred Sutro. Fri. Eve., Sat. Eve., TOM PINCH, by Charles Dickens.

EMPIRE THEATRE
FORMERLY BOSTON MUSIC HALL
Twice Daily. Every Seat Reserved.
Doors Open 1 and 7 P. M.
JOSEF YARRICK and his
Magic Kettle
An Extraordinary Mystery
Everybody Puzzled. Everybody Wondering!
Nature's Laws Reversed.
All Star Vaudeville

HOLLIS ST. THEATRE
Isaac B. Hall, Proprietor and Manager
ONLY THIS WEEK AND NEXT.
Direction of Messrs. Shubert
The same beautiful musical Queen of American
The Shubert Amusement Co., Inc., Presents
LILLIAN RUSSELL
in the New York Casino Opera Success
LADY TEAZLE
100—ONE HUNDRED PEOPLE—100
60—BEAUTIFUL CASINO GIRLS—60

PARK THEATRE
Chas. Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs.
This Week and Next. Ev'gs Curtain Up 8
DANIEL FROHMAN Presents
CECILIA LOFTUS
In ISRAEL ZANGWILL'S Comedy,
The Serio-Comic Governess
Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2.
PRICES: 1.50, 1.00, 75, 50, 25.

GLOBE EVE. PRICES 25-50-75-1.00 POP. MAT. SAT. 25-50-75
Broadway & Dorrie Sts., Corner of Broadway
NAT. M. WILLS IN A SOCIAL SECRET
60 People—Pretty Girl Chorus of 40
A second Edition of the Big Musical Comedy
Next Week—IN OLD KENTUCKY.
Every Sunday Night, Popular 25-50c Concert.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Matinee Tomorrow
Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. at 2
Ribbonmaker Dave Conway
HER FIRST FALSETTO
Evenings at 8 Child Rescued from Lions
Ev'gs 25c, 50c, 75c. Mats. 25c, 50c.
Next Week—Only a Shop Girl.

CASTLE SQ. THEATRE Tel. Tre. 4.
Lessee and Manager, WILLIAM H. GILMORE
Prices, 15, 25, 35, 50, 75
Evenings at 8 THE ETERNAL CITY
NEXT WEEK—"THE MAGISTRATE."

PALACE
INDIAN MAIDENS
BURLESQUERS
GRAND SMOKING CONCERTS
Prices—10—20—25.
Evenings at 7:45 Matinees.

HOWARD TODAY
1 till 11 P. M.
Vaudeville Matinee Every Day.
Howard Athenaeum, Howard Square.
Tom Hibbert, St. John and La Ferte, and other star variety acts, this week, to the merry tune, "Live Wires." Mary Wise and Susie Smithers, with new songs.

BOWDOIN SQUARE THEATRE
Lessee and Manager, H. H. Moore
Evenings at 8. Every Evening at 8.
Little Church Around the Corner
And Seat in the Shade 25c.
NEXT WEEK—"Nothing Like Wrong."

EDITORIAL PAGE OF

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

FRIDAY, MARCH 3

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

82 AND 84 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, MARCH 3, 1905.

All Work Should Be Made Attractive

Here and There We Already See Feeble Efforts to Carry Out Fourier's Magnificent Idea

Here is an interesting letter, somewhat condensed because of lack of space:

Mr. W. R. Hearst, Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Dear Sir—I beg leave to state that I am employed by the firm of E. Regensburg & Sons, manufacturers of cigars. By this firm there are employed 500 to 700 people. On the floor where I am at work there are 200 people engaged in making the high grade of goods. In making cigars the work is of such a nature that those employed (by way of diversion) can sing, debate and otherwise amuse themselves while working.

Now, the employes on the floor above mentioned thought it a good idea to devote one hour a day to "reading," and permission was granted by the head of the firm; consequently, one from among us, who was believed to be a good reader, was selected.

And for the past three months that reading has been going on between the hours of 10 and 11 o'clock a. m. Then a pin can be heard dropped on the floor.

Just think of it! On a floor of a great factory 200 people are quietly, but attentively, busily and diligently working, listening and also paying deep attention to the gems of literature which are selected and read. The gems I wish to speak of are your grand editorials, which are indeed creating an indelible impression. Your editorial is the first matter read, then all news which redounds to the benefit of the wealth producers. Our reader now concludes with what we consider a great book, Zola's "Labor." What effect would it have on the toiling masses, a great number of them unfortunately illiterate through force of circumstances, if this privilege so kindly granted by Mr. Regensburg were granted in all the hives of industry where reading would not interfere with the work to be performed? Do you not think that an editorial on this subject would prove interesting?

Please pardon my grammar. I was ten years old when I left school, but I assure you I have gained quite some knowledge through this reading. Respectfully,

No. 102 Brook avenue, Bronx. I. MATTHYSSE.

It is an interesting picture that our correspondent presents—two hundred men working industriously, using their physical energies and skill to provide a material living for themselves and families, and at the same time increasing their mental force, feeding their minds, with reading.

Naturally we are much pleased to learn that the editorials of this newspaper are the first things read to that gathering of earnest working people. We consider this a very great honor, and shall endeavor to be more deserving of it in future.

At the same time, we wish to suggest to our friends in this and in other working establishments that not TOO MUCH time be devoted to newspaper reading. Every intelligent worker should keep abreast of the news and opinions of the day. But after a brief survey of little current happenings the intelligent man should devote his reading time to acquiring a knowledge of the great movements of human life spread out over long periods of history, or in reading the finest literary and thought productions of the human brain. The writings of newspaper men, however conscientious, cannot, of course, be included, even remotely, among such productions.

The book by Zola which our correspondent speaks of is certainly worthy of earnest reading by any man. It is free—practically—from those truthful, but unnecessarily brutal, revelations of debased life that do so much to injure Zola's work in general.

We would recommend to our friends the cigarmakers a selection of readings from American history, and especially of readings from the history of early Revolutionary days. It would give workingmen a good idea of the intentions underlying this Government, and of the extent to which we have drifted AWAY from those intentions, if they would be well acquainted with the thoughts and the hopes of the men that laid the foundation of the United States Government.

The picture presented in the letter that we quote is a feeble forecast of that state of "attractive industry" which Charles Fourier, the great French philosopher, foretold as the ultimate destiny of humanity.

All labor and work, according to Fourier, OUGHT TO BE ATTRACTIVE, and it could be made attractive.

The people should work with the incentive of actual pleasure and interest, apart from the mere sordid making of money or the harsh necessity of earning a living.

The powerful men of the world—the Emperors and tyrants—have realized the importance of this "attractive industry" idea in the management of their armies. In the success of these armies THEY were vitally interested. No effort has been too great, no expense considered, when the ruler of men wanted to encourage his armies to conquer others.

While the ditch-digger, the wood-cutter, the workers of all kinds worked along in dismal monotony, with no incentive but the lash of necessity above their backs, every ingenuity was used to make the soldier do his bloody work with enthusiasm.

Hence the military band that precedes the marching army of killers—keeping them gay, in good spirits, as they trudge along the road. Hence the bright uniforms, the brass buttons, the feathers, the gold braid. Hence the promotion, titles, the medals and the various other incentives.

Rulers of men in the past have been anxious for REAL, enthusiastic work among their soldiers, and so, to offset the danger of death, they have made the killing industry AS ATTRACTIVE AS POSSIBLE.

In the future, WHEN MEN SHALL BE THEIR OWN RULERS, an effort will be made—and successfully—to make all kinds of work attractive and pleasing.

These few men working cheerfully because they listen to interesting readings foreshadow faintly the happy, interested workers of the future.

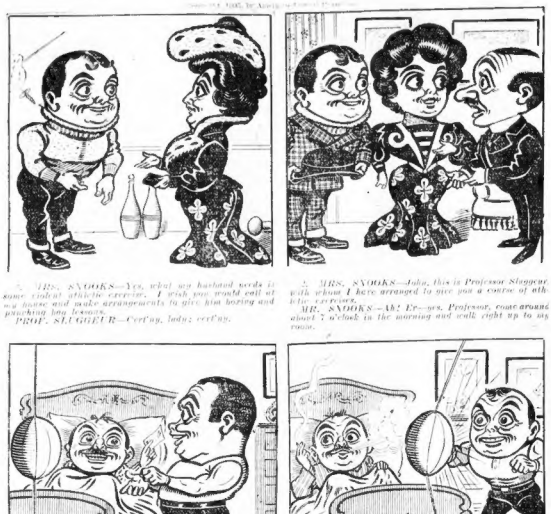
To-day it is only the man marching out to kill his fellow-creatures that has a band playing for him.

In the future you may be sure that the non-military workers will have music to encourage them. People workers will have uniforms, titles, medals and honors if they want them.

All the resources of mankind, all the ingenuity and intelligence of planning minds will be employed to make industry attractive, to make the man work with a light heart, inducing the task, AND DOING IT BETTER BECAUSE HE ENJOYS IT.

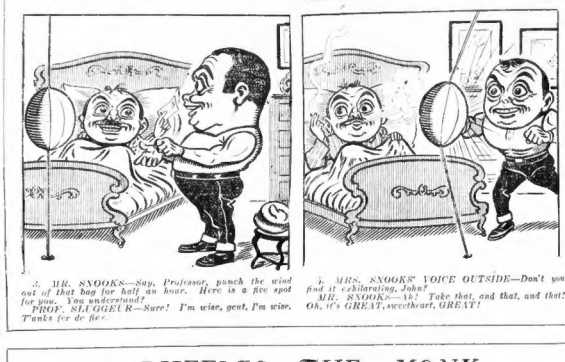
We thank our friend—Mr. Matthysse for the letter that he sends us. We hope the day will soon come when the millions of men who work now in filth, poverty, dullness and discouragement will work one of them, work with a glad heart, leaving his task, doing it well BECAUSE HE LOVES IT, doing it well because he feels that justice surrounds him and that there is something in the world to work for besides the promptings of hunger and the threatening spectres of want and starvation.

AREN'T MEN THE WRETCHES?



1. MRS. SNOOKS—Yes, what my husband needs is some radical athletic exercise. I wish you would call at my home and make arrangements to give him boxing and punching bag lessons.
PROF. SLUGGER—Certainly, ladies certainly.

2. MRS. SNOOKS—John, this is Professor Slugger with whom I have arranged to give you a course of athletic exercises.
MR. SNOOKS—Uh! Er—yes, Professor, come around about 7 o'clock in the morning and walk right up to my room.



3. MR. SNOOKS—Say, Professor, punch the wind out of that bag for half an hour. Here is a five spot for you. You understand?
PROF. SLUGGER—Sure! I'm wise, gent, I'm wise. Tanks fer de fee.

4. MRS. SNOOKS' VOICE OUTSIDE—Don't you find it exhilarating, John?
MR. SNOOKS—Uh! Take that, and that, and that! Oh, it's GREAT, sweetheart, GREAT!

RUFFLES THE MONK

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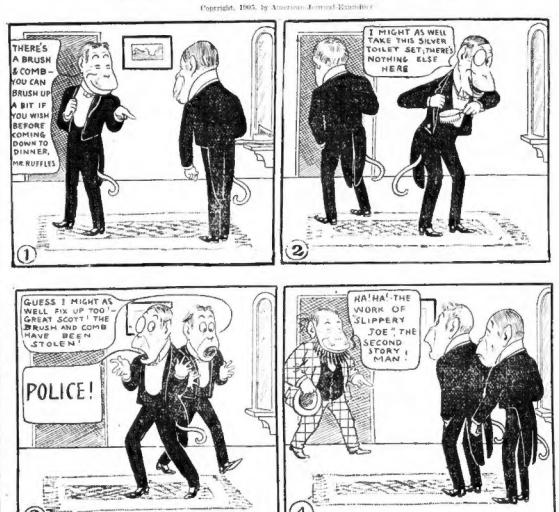
THERE'S A BRUSH & COMB—YOU CAN BRUSH UP A BIT IF YOU WISH BEFORE COMING DOWN TO DINNER, MR. RUFFLES
I MIGHT AS WELL TAKE THIS SILVER TOILET SET, THERE'S NOTHING ELSE HERE
GUESS I MIGHT AS WELL FIX UP TOO—GREAT SCOTT! THE BRUSH AND COMB HAVE BEEN STOLEN!
POLICE!
HA! HA! THE WORK OF SLIPPERY JOE, THE SECOND STORY MAN!
1
2
3
4

He'll Wear Stripes Some Day, as Sure as You're Born

NOW WHAT D'YE THINK OF THAT?

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"What do you call that car of yours?" I asked her in the park.

"I call it Celiate," said she, "Because it will not spark."

"Ha! ha!" I laughed. "If you were sane That would not be so bad,

But with so many wheels I'm sure You must be motor-mad."

BY HON. THOS. E. WATSON

A Logical Demonstration That Railroads Should Be Public Property Just As Much As the Hudson River or New York Harbor, and Operated in the Interests of the Public.

READ *Tom Watson's Magazine* Out This Week. Order of Any Newsdealer.

THOSE things that relate to the public should belong to the public.

If I should advocate the principle of private ownership as applied to the Hudson River and New York Harbor, I would shock the common sense of every bootblack in the city of New York—to say nothing of anybody else.

The thing would be so absurd on the face of it, so contrary to human reason and common right that with one voice I would be condemned by the rich and the poor, the old and the young, the learned and the unlearned.

They would tell me that the Hudson River was a great public thoroughfare and that private ownership should not be allowed to limit the use of that thoroughfare at the pleasure of private corporations and for the benefit of a few.

The humblest rowboat of the fisherman has as much right on the Hudson River as the yacht of George Gould or J. P. Morgan. The smallest craft that floats upon the waters of the harbor of New York has as much natural right there as the ocean-going steamers of the American Line or the North German Lloyd.

There is not a single argument which can be used in favor of public ownership as applied to the Hudson River and the New York Harbor that will not apply to our great iron highways.

Under modern conditions the railroad is necessarily the public highway. Modern conditions compel us to use it whether we will or not. We are compelled to travel upon it, we have no option in the matter. We are compelled to ship our produce over it, we absolutely have no option to do otherwise.

The franchises granted to the railroad companies were granted as public franchises.

Charters were given in which they were allowed to exercise the great sovereign power of condemning private property for public purposes. The right of eminent domain, which is a sovereign power, was delegated to these corporations as a part of the public franchise which they were to use for the public benefit.

In other words, the railroads of to-day got their powers because of the fact that they pledged themselves to serve the public. Almost without exception these railroads were built by public funds and not by private funds. The whole railroads, for instance, were given in bonds and partial cash more than the roads cost by fifty odd millions of dollars.

Public lands to the extent of nearly 200,000,000 of acres, the very best land on earth, much of it, was donated for this purpose.

In the State of Arkansas, for instance, the corporations got a free gift of 7,000 acres of land for every mile of road which they built.

In the State of Florida they got 7,000 acres of land for every mile of road.

In other States the story has been the same. The railroads were built by municipal grants, State grants, national grants, private donations. As a rule they did not cost the corporations a single dollar.

And now no sane man denies that their public character has disappeared entirely and that they are operated solely in the interests of private ownership, selfishness and greed, which has no limit and no mercy.

In their power to tax me as I travel and as I ship my produce to market, they represent the un-American principle of taxation without representation, because I am heavily taxed every time I move and every time I move my produce, and I have no voice or representation in the councils of those who tax me.

Railroad rates are fixed in the secret parlor conference of the Morgans and the Hills and the Belmonts. A decree goes forth raising the rates, taxing the people on their persons and property from ocean to ocean, from the Lakes to the Gulf, and the people are powerless to resist. One town is built up at the expense of another. Competition is destroyed that the trusts may be supreme. Secret rebates, discriminations, become weapons with which honest industry is destroyed.

My own city, my own State of Georgia, is to-day held in the grip of this remorseless tyranny, and the great gate city of Atlanta is struggling for the very breath of life, the railroads have her by the throat—Belmont's railroads, J. P. Morgan's railroads, and they are throttling her with remorseless cruelty. And there is the Empire State of Georgia, which granted these franchises to be used for her benefit, helpless to defend herself against the Wall Street robbers who are violating her laws and plundering her people.

In the State of Wisconsin the story is the same. Take these two States, far apart and yet battling with the same oppression. What does it show, except that the disease pervades the entire Union, and that these two States are simply afflicted at the present time in a more violent form than their sister States happen to be?

Why should the American people submit to these infamous outrages? Why should they submit to taxation without representation?

Why should they allow the Belmonts and the Morgans to do what they would not allow King George to do?

Why should they bend and bow to a tyranny which even Congress does not dare to exercise?

All European nations, with scarcely an exception, have realized that the public roads should belong to the public, and in European countries, as a rule, they do belong to the public.

Think of the vast destruction of human life in our own country!

Think of 3,000 travelers and employes butchered every year in the interest of remorseless commercialism!

Think of 64,000 men, women and children maimed on our roads every year!

Due to what? Due to the fact that the corporation will not spend the money to make the roadbed safe, will not spend the money to make the bridge safe, will not spend the money to double track the road, will not spend the money for the latest and best safety appliances, will not spend the money to get three crews to do the work of three crews, but economizes money and wastes human life by making two crews do the work of three.

They try to make one track do the work of three tracks, thus there are collisions from in front and collisions from behind, and a blood-red stain almost from one end of the line to the other.

Not long ago I had occasion to ride from the city of Washington to the city of Augusta on the Southern Railway, and I passed three wrecks on the route. That whole line of road owned by Morgan, known as the Southern Railway, might almost be called a streak of blood. There is hardly a mile of it where some man, woman or child has not been murdered, in order that dividends should be paid on the fictitious capitalization.

It was this same man Morgan who took the Central Railroad of Georgia—a road whose actual capitalization was less than $7,000,000, and who is now running it to make dividends on $30,000,000. He and Belmont together are operating that system of roads, and to the extent that they are squeezing dividends on that 23,000,000 of watered stock they are unjustly robbing the people of Georgia; and to the extent that they neglect their roadbed, their equipment, their supply of labor and the efficiency of labor and causing wrecks and deaths, they are murdering our people in the interests of dishonest capitalization.

The people know that these roads and all others should be assessed at a fair valuation under the law of eminent domain, paid for in money or bonds or both, taken over by the Government and operated by the Government in the interest of the general public. If you believe that this should be done, vote when the time comes for Government ownership.

If you are interested in the views which Mr. Watson expresses in the article that we publish here, you will be interested in Mr. Watson's magazine, called "Tom Watson's Magazine," which is on the newsstands this week.

The BOSTON AMERICAN believes that Mr. Watson is anxious to be of real service to his country, and for that reason we give the greatest possible publicity to his new magazine, and advise you to get a copy and read it. If you can't find it on the news stands, write to Tom Watson's Magazine, 121 West Forty-second street, New York. Send a dollar for a year's subscription, or ask for a single copy.

SNAPS UP "J. L.'S" OFFER

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

If "J. L., Boston," would send his Collier's Weeklies to the Meridian Street Methodist Episcopal Bethel, East Boston, they would be very much appreciated.

Each year (from Easter Sunday until the last of October), every Sunday morning, a rowboat manned by from six to eight young men goes down the harbor and distributes to all the different vessels in the harbor bundles of magazines, papers, tracts, Bibles and comfort bags. All the year through the mission express delivers the same articles to the vessels at the different wharves in East Boston. Anything in the line of good literature is always appreciated by us, and we are always looking for opportunities like the one spoken of here.

A MEMBER OF THE CREW.

SAYS PEOPLE ARE AROUSED ON GAS SITUATION

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

The people are aroused. Massachusetts has always come to the fore when the rights of the people have been at stake. Why, may I ask the public lighting committee, was not a larger hall provided? Why were the doors locked and hundreds of citizens excluded from a public hearing?

If corporations are corrupt we want to know it. For on the stability of honesty rests our citizenship. I have no faith in a committee that is afraid of a crowd. The open door and publicity is a true way to insure safety.

Boston. MAX HENRY NEWMAN.